

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1785.

Just published, and sold by
WILLIAM WOODHOUSE,
In Front-street, near Market street,
BALLOON;
Or an Aerial Trip to the Celestial Regions.
A POEM, in Six Parts.

Now opening for SALE, by
DANIEL TYSON,
At his STORE, in Water street, midway between Market and Arch-streets.

A variety of DUTCH GOODS, which, with his usual Stock on hand, forms a GENERAL ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN and INDIA Manufactures, consisting of

SUPERFINE and second broad-cloths, rattinets and shalloons, durants and tammies, plain and striped cambricks, calimancoes, callicoes and chintzes, plain and striped muslin, cambricks and lawns, Silkeia kentings, platilles royale, Brabant linens, dowlas, ravens duck, Britannia's and Rouen's, oznabrigs, white and grey drillings, Russia and other diapers, Hessian, German checks and stripes, printed linen and lawn handkerchiefs, bandanoe and Barcelona ditto, sewing silk and twist, tapes and bobbins, men and women's gloves, thread and cotton hose, Manchester checks, Marfeilles quilting, printed velvets and jeans, Tufcan and Dutch cord, muslin cord, quality and shoe binding, pins, fashionable gilt and plated buttons, gilt, plated and metal buckles, elegant plated stirrups, bits and spurs, plated ware in complete side-board sets, cutlery, mens hats, boys ruff caps, writing paper, boultin cloths, bed ticks, tin in boxes, iron wire, and a variety of other articles.

ALSO, James river tobacco; Carolina pitch, deer-skins, porter in casks. Philad. April 28, 1785.

Imported by the Pignon and Grange, and other late arrivals from Europe, and for SALE by

William & John Sitgreaves,

In Front-street, three doors below Chestnut-street, an extensive Assortment of seasonable Goods, viz.

EL L wide and 6-gr. fine book muslins; fine wide jaconet ditto; low priced bumhums; dyed fustians; white and coloured jeans; plain and printed cotton beavers; olive coloured fattinets; dimities and drawboys; Marfeilles quilting, bordered; cotton counterpanes; Marfeilles bee quilts; common striped holland; all wide French stripes; 7-8ths, yard wide and apron wide linen and cotton checks; furniture checks; Manchester bed bunt; Flanders ticks and ticking in pieces; common check handkerchiefs; printed linen and cotton ditto; shoit pile, hair and worsted flag; corduroys and velvets; an elegant variety of English mantuas; rich black paduasoy; ditto black florentine; fustians, peolongs and modes; farinets and pyfians; silk Manchester gown patterns; bandanoe, romal and pulicat silk handkerchiefs; English and Irish black and coloured ditto; sewing silk and silk twist; a great variety of plain, net and trimming gauzes; gauze handkerchiefs; plain and flowered kentings; kenting handkerchiefs and aprons; cambricks and clear lawns; minionet and flowered lawn; black and white lace and edging; mens, womens and youths thread and cotton stockings; mens silk stockings; womens blue worsted and childrens spotted ditto; silk, thread and worsted gloves and mits; grain and coloured lamb ditto; 7-8ths and yard wide Irish linens; Irish dowlas and sheeting; fine white Russia sheeting; white and brown Russia drilling; Russia ravens duck; German flaxen oznabrigs; hempen ticklenburgs; Russia diaper; clouting diaper; diaper table-cloths; brown roll and bagging; white and brown ell wide hessens; hambro' long lawns; brown holland; white and brown buckram; calicoes, cottons and chintz; plain blue calicoes; superfine broadcloths; moreens, taboretts and jeans; shalloons, durants and calimancoes; plain and striped cambricks; fine black fattinet; dorsetteens, crapes and poplins; Scotch and wilton carpets and carpeting; common and Tully garters; switch and hunter whips; low priced plain and fancy metal buttons; mohair and basket ditto; silk and thread laces and ferrets; threads, bindings, pins and needles; nets of red leather and hair trunks; ivory and horn combs; brass and iron candlesticks; shovels and toogs; bureau brags furniture; cutlery, saddlery, and a variety of small hardware; writing paper; men and boys black and drab felt and castor hats; pocket and toilet looking glasses; bibles, testaments, &c. in trunks; guns, powder and shot; nails from 4d to 20d; tin and iron wire; window glass, 8 by 10, &c. &c.

Also womens low priced black and coloured shoes in trunks; London and Bristol powder assorted in casks; a few casks of cutlery and hardware; best three stranded seine twine; Crowley steel in half faggots; brass kettles in nests. 6 w.

Just imported in the COMMERCIAL, from London, by
JOHN and JAMES OLDDEN,
Second-street, opposite Blackhorse-alley,

A variety of MERCHANDIZE,

Suitable for the approaching season; among which are
N elegant assortment of Wilton Carpets,
A large variety of mahogany ornamental Looking-glasses of all sizes.

Oil-cloth and green Silk Umbrellas,
Barlow buck-handled Penknives,
Russia Sheetings,
Sattin, Sarfnet and Paduasoye,
Silver Watches.

Powder in Casks, Powder and Shot, red and white Lead in small and large Casks, Cambricks and Lawns, Bengals, Haerlem Stripes, Nankeens, enamelled China in Boxes, Shovels and Spades, Loaf Sugar in Hogheads, &c. &c. &c. tbc. 6 w.

BOULTING CLOTHS.

ALARGE and GENERAL ASSORTMENT of superfine, fine, middling and coarse, suitable for boultin every kind of meal, are just imported, and for sale on reasonable terms by the subscribers, at their Store on Stampers Wharf, next below the Drawbridge, or in Spruce-street, near Third-street.

MILLERS and others may be furnished with BOULTING-CLOTHS, excellent in quality, and, if requested, may have proper directions for affixing them on reels, in the most advantageous manner to perform the different branches intended.

MILL STONES of different sizes, made of the best grit on Delaware river, near Howell's ferry, and two Cologne Mill-stones are also for sale on the lowest terms. 6 w.

Philad. April 4, 1785. ROBERT LEWIS and Sons.

To whom it may concern.

ALL importers of Rum, Wine, Brandy, or other Spirituous Liquors, are hereby notified to make true and particular entry of all the liquors aforesaid by them imported, at the Excise-Office, before any part thereof be stored, agreeable to a law of this state, in that case made and provided.

Also Retailers and others are requested not to move or transport any cask of the liquors aforesaid, amounting to twenty gallons and upwards, without first having entered the same according to law; as all such liquors found so moving or moved before entry, will be seized without discrimination.

EDWARD BARTHOLOMEW, Collector.

Philadelphia, April 5, 1785. 3 m.

ALL Persons who are indebted for Excise are requested to make immediate payment.

Virginia, Richmond, April 4, 1785.

THE Commissioners appointed agreeable to an act of Assembly, passed last session, directing the sale of certain public LANDS, known by the name of GOSPORT, hereby give notice, That the same will be disposed of at public SALE, to the highest bidder, in Lots, not exceeding one quarter of an acre each, on the premises, on the third THURSDAY in June next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, and will be continued from day to day, until the sale shall be completed. Twelve months credit will be allowed the purchasers, on giving bond, with two approved securities; if prompt payment is made, six per cent. will be discounted. The money arising from this sale being appropriated to the payment of debts due by this state, to persons who are not citizens thereof, certain warrants granted to those creditors for their claims against the public, directing their receipt in payment for the Gosport Lands, and counter signed by the Governor, will be accepted at the sale, or in discharge of the bonds granted by the purchase, provided such payment is made on or before the day such bonds become due.

Gosport is situate on the southern branch of Elizabeth River, near to Norfolk, and contiguous to the thriving town of Portsmouth, to which it is annexed by law as part of the said town, and will be laid off in Lots, with streets, as nearly parallel to the streets laid off in Portsmouth, as circumstances will admit. The goodness of the harbour, and the depth of water close to the shore, which will admit the largest merchant ships to load, and where ships of the line of battle have frequently hove down, render this place superior to any in the state for building large ships, and erecting wharves, and is deemed equal in situation with any in Virginia for commercial purposes; it is more convenient than Norfolk to the North-Carolina trade, and has as easy a communication with the waters of Chesapeake Bay, with the advantages of a safer harbour and deeper water, and the canal proposed to unite the waters of North-Carolina with the Chesapeake will greatly enhance the value of those lands. About 300 lots will be laid off, 30 of which will be prime water lots, the whole forming an agreeable and convenient situation for a considerable commercial town.

WILLIAM RONALD,
EDWARD CARRINGTON, } Comm'rs.
BENJAMIN TEMPLE.

The NEW STAGES

Will begin to run on Thursday, the 28th instant, from Philadelphia to New-York.

THE Proprietors thereof beg leave to inform the public, that they will perform the journey in one day, and every day, Sundays only excepted. The Stage-office is to be kept at Mr. FRANCIS LEE's in Market-street, near the corner of Fourth-street, at the sign of the New Indian Queen, where passengers will please to enter their names the day before, as the Stage will start precisely at 4 o'clock in the morning. The fare for each passenger, allowing 14 lb. weight of baggage, will be FOUR DOLLARS to Newark, and the same for 150 weight of baggage. The passengers may go either by the way of Newark to Powles-Hook, as the ferries are much shorter or safer, or by way of the Point, as they shall chuse. Passengers may be assured that they shall be well treated, and every indulgence granted, that can be expected in so quick a passage. All baggage belonging to passengers is considered as under their care if they are present; otherwise the Stage owners hold themselves accountable if any should be lost, being first regularly entered in the Stage books, and paid for; unavoidable accidents only excepted. As the New Stage shall not be over crowded, it is agreed that not more than ten passengers shall be admitted at one time, and but a small proportion of baggage.

The public is farther informed, that neat Light Waggoners are preparing, and will be ready in a few days, to be fixed at each stage, to accommodate any select company, or take any extra passengers, that may wish to have a longer time and more indulgence on the road.

F. LEE, A. M'ELROY,
J. HOLME, R. STOCKTON.

Philadelphia, April 22, 1785.

N. B. The subscribers would wish to confer with any spirited gentlemen to the southward, that will extend the new line of Stages to Baltimore, and as much farther as they shall think fit. Mr. LEE is ready to treat with any gentleman on the subject, and to take the first Stage on the road. He has elegant horses and chairs to let.

TO BE SOLD,

A CERTAIN TRACT of LAND, well watered and timbered, situate on Muncy creek, in Muncy township, in the county of Northumberland, about 20 miles from the town of Sunbury, containing 306 acres and allowance. Apply to the subscriber, on the east side of Fourth-street, two doors below Race-street.

Philadelphia, April 26, 1785. 6 w.

THOMAS HALE,
CARPENTER,

In Walnut street, above Fifth-street.

CONTINUES the Business of hanging BELLS through all the Apartments of Houses. He is supplied with the best Materials, and ensures his Work to last for seven Years on the original Coat. Those who choose to employ him, may depend on having the Work performed in the neatest and best Manner.

N. B. Applications, either written or verbal, left at LAMBERT WILMER's, in Market-street, between Second and Third-streets, will be attended to. April 9, 1785.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 25.

THE plague is visibly augmented by the unseasonable moist and warm weather, which prevails here. Happily Smyrna and Salonica continue free from the infection.

The printing-office opened by the exertions of the Grand Vizier is employed in divers works, at the expense of government: One of the most important is a history of the Ottoman Empire, by order of the Grand Signior. When this edition is finished, a copy will be sent to every member of the Divan, and to the Governors and Beshaws.

Antwerp, March 4. Though the letters from France, and the major part of the advices from Holland assure us, it is no longer doubtful that the differences between the Emperor and the Republic will be immediately adjusted by an amicable Convention, the preparations for war, which are still continued with all diligence, as well in our Provinces as those of the Republic, seem to announce the contrary, and make us apprehensive of an approaching war. In the mean time, there is nothing certain respecting the march of the second corps of Imperial troops, except that some letters perfit in assuring that several regiments of Croats and light troops have received orders to hold themselves in readiness to march.

Cadix, Feb. 28. The greatest dispatch is used in preparing the armament destined to go against Algiers. The ships of war have already left the harbour, and gun-boats and transports will be ready within a few days. The allies from Portugal, Venice and Malta are expected every hour, as also a small fleet from Toulon. Don Barcelo has declined the command of this expedition, and Comte Oreilly is appointed in his place. A great number of land troops have embarked, besides many officers of distinction, who have offered their voluntary services.

Antwerp, March 21. While the rumour prevails of an approaching pacification, we continue to receive information that hostile preparations are carried on with all the celerity that the exigencies of the times require. We also learn that immense quantities of gun-powder are detained at Brussels till carriages shall arrive to convey them to the frontier towns on the side of the Dutch territories.

To-morrow was the day appointed for the departure of his Imperial Majesty for the Netherlands, but five or six days ago preparations for his journey were countermanded. The negotiations for peace still continue, and it is said his Majesty relaxes in some of his demands; but time only can prove the issue of the present controversy.

Hague, March 30. The courier dispatched on Thursday night by the States General to France, carries the consent of the States to stop the flooding of the Austrian territories with salt-water, on condition that they may do it with fresh, or that no attack may be attempted on that side. Hence a confidence arises, that pacific negotiations will be attended with success.

April 1. They write from Lillo, that by order of their High Mightinesses, the sluices have been opened for the evacuation of the salt waters, to the great satisfaction of the country people whose possessions were in the greatest danger. We may presume that the prompt execution of these orders looks like an accommodation between his Imperial Majesty and the Republic.

April 3. The States are now examining the dispatches of a courier who has just arrived here from Paris. It has been suggested to the States, that if their ultimatum is not satisfactory to the Emperor, they will have it in their option to make a greater sacrifice, or go to war. Nothing has yet transpired as to their designs, unless that the dignities of all the provinces are instructed to refuse to accede to the Imperial demands.

L O N D O N, April 1.

According to advices from Leghorn, the plague has nearly ceased in the Archipelago and Levant; but it rages with great fury still on the coast of Africa. The Tunisians have brought it into that kingdom, and the province of Barca, from Algiers, where it had carried off, on the 20th of February last, according to computation, upwards of 20,000 persons, chiefly women and children. They have pulled down several old houses at Algiers, and burnt others, to stop the contagion.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, March 12.

Count Maillebois has communicated to the Republic, a plan, according to which, with 60,000 men, he shall be able to defend this country against 100,000 Austrians. He asserts, that the Emperor can attack us only between the rivers Maese and Rhine. The country between Bois le Duc and Bergen-op-Zoom is secured by the facility with which it is laid under water.

From the side of Maestricht only, are our provinces then exposed; and it may be expected that the enemy will first attempt to gain possession of that important fortress. All the lesser forts on the banks of the Mease (especially Maesfeyk) must be demolished; because the Austrians might soon reduce these, and by establishing themselves there, would cut off all communication between Holland and Maestricht; which being effected, they would content themselves with blocking up Maestricht, and then forcing a passage through the country between the rivers Wahal and Rhine, they would take possession of the fertile plains of Guelderland, and quarter their troops in the United-Provinces.

Extract of a letter from Maestricht, March 4.

Our garrison has been under great apprehensions that this city was to be given up to the Emperor, but those who are supposed to be in the secret assert, that the Republic will never submit to a cession of such importance.

If we may form an idea from the present preparations to resist an attack, and from the vast magazines of provisions and ammunition collecting here, we may pronounce with certainty that their High Mightinesses are determined to keep this place.

Orders are issued to form an army of 12,000 men on St. Peter's Hill, near this city; a spot so defensible, that Marshall Saxe in September, 1746, said he dared not to attack it with the vast army under his command, although a very small body only of the allied army was posted there.

The master of a vessel arrived at Dublin from Bourdeaux relates, that on the 20th of February, being then off the west coast of France, he fell in with thirteen Spanish ships of war, attended by a few light frigates, who kept on the same course with him for some hours, then hauled their wind, and fled W. S. W. The Captain hailed them, but received no answer. He

He supposes them bound for South-America, but wondered to see them so far to the northward of their meridian.

Letters from Ireland of the 22d instant say, that forgeries on the national bank were discovered a few days before, to the amount of 5000l. and that three persons had absconded on that account.

Much has been said concerning the reward given by the King of France to Mr. Blanchard, for his adventurous aerial voyage from Dover to Calais.—The fact is, that monarch, soon after his arrival at Paris, ordered the sum of 12,000 livres to be presented to him, and settled a pension on him of 1200 livres per annum.

Extract of a letter from Paris, March 23.

"On Sunday the Minister exchanged with the Dutch Plenipotentiaries in the most solemn manner, the Treaties of Alliance, offensive and defensive, between the Most Christian King and their High Mightinesses the States General of the United Provinces of Holland, and it is expected the Marquis Verac did the same at Hague; so that this weighty business is now brought to a final conclusion, much to the satisfaction of the Envoys from Holland, who have been long pressing the conclusion of this affair. The negotiation between the Dutch and the Emperor begins again to drag heavily."

Extract of a letter from Brussels, March 23.

"It is most confidently believed here that a war must be the unavoidable consequence of the present dispute between the Emperor, our Sovereign, and the United States of Holland; and it is even expected a very few weeks will produce some hostile operations. On this side of Holland the Dutch are quite open, except where the inundations are, and in two or three garrison towns. The Prince de Ligne goes on with his preparations, which are so satisfactory to the Emperor, that there is no talk now of the Sovereign coming into Flanders at present."

The letters received by the Lisbon Packet bring an account of several American vessels being arrived at that port, whose cargoes met with a ready sale; the Portuguese giving very great encouragement to the subjects of the new States, so as in some measure even to prejudice their old friends the English.

In all the frontier garrisons of France and French Flanders, Commissaries are busily employed in purchasing forage for the King's troops, and their exertions have not been in the least remitted since the late reports of a pacific tendency.

April 2. There are accounts from the Continent, brought by the last mail, which state that the King of Prussia lies so dangerously ill, as to afford very little hope of his recovery. His Majesty is now about 73 years of age, and born in January 1712. There is no doubt but the House of Austria will be highly pleased whenever the death of this great man shall happen; for he has been the only effectual check to their ambition, since the accession of the late Empress Queen, mother of the present Emperor. He is nearly related to our Sovereign, his mother being the sister of the late King George the 3d. Frederick William, the Prince Royal of Prussia, nephew to the King, and heir to the crown, was born in 1744. The present Prince of Orange is married to one of his daughters.

Commissions are received for buying up 1000 large saddle-horses for the service of the Dutch, who are going to revive the regiment of Cuirassiers, which rendered themselves so famous in the years 1708 and 1709 during Queen Ann's wars, at which time they consisted of 1300 men; at present they do not, officers included, amount to more than three score: So much have the States permitted their oldest and most serviceable corps to go to decay.

According to the foreign papers, the Court of Spain has augmented the wages of seamen, for the purpose of inspiring them with a proper zeal in the meditated grand attack on Algiers, in which some of the nobility go as volunteers. Boats out of number are building, calculated to endure a rough sea, as well as block batteries on wheels erecting to move from place to place, on landing, and seizing the principal avenues where the besiegers intend to fix their quarters.

A letter from Leghorn says, that a Venetian vessel, called a polacre, was taken off there by the Moors, and carried into Algiers. The same letter says, that the barbarians are become so intolerably insolent, that they stop ships of all nations, even the English, unless they have passes; so that at present they are masters of the Mediterranean sea, and have stopped almost all trade to every port that lies near the same.

Invention is on the rack, on the part of the Spanish Court, and its arch enemy the Algerines' Prince, in projecting engines of destruction. It seems resolved to reduce the fort of Algiers to ashes: The gold of Peru is not to be spared: The honour of the Crown is at stake. "And I do declare," says the King, "that these sums of money, which have been consumed in divers emergencies, in preparations against the enemy, and which it has given me extreme grief to take, I shall have the comfort of seeing employed to the best and most salutary purposes."

A difficulty has been started between our Civil Governors in America and the Congress, concerning the evacuation of Niagara, Detroit and some other forts upon the upper lakes. General Haldimand first refused to give them up, though they came within the American boundary line, and his conduct has, in that particular, been in some measure approved by ministers; so that the 20th and 21st regiments are ordered immediately to relieve the 8th regiment, now in possession of those forts.

April 4. The ingenious Abbe Arnaud, member of most of the learned societies in Europe, died a few days since at Paris.

A most interesting event to literature has lately taken place in France, by the nomination of eight members of the Royal Academy of Inscriptions, who are to receive pay, and, as they drop off, be replaced by others of the same illustrious body, for the purpose of examining the MSS. in the King's library, and from time to time publishing either extracts from, or the whole of such as shall appear to deserve it.

Extract of a letter from Petersburg, February 22.

"On the 6th of last month, the festival of the Benediction of the Waters, we had here an example of toleration and brotherly love, which does honor to the age and reign under which it took place. The Empress's Confessor, the Prelate Iwan Pamtso, gave a grand dinner to the Ecclesiastics of all the different religions existing at Petersburg. Among those invited were the Russian Archbishop of Polozza, the Patriarch of Grusnia, several Russian Archmandrites, a Bishop, a Prior, and several other Roman Catholic Priests, six Lutheran Preachers, and those of the English, French, Dutch, and German Protestant churches. Never perhaps was such a dinner of toleration given, especially at the house of the Confessor of a sovereign potentate."

Notwithstanding the States of Holland behaved in a manner so derogatory to every principle of gratitude and justice towards this country, during the late war, there are strong political reasons for our endeavouring to prevent their being crushed by any of their too powerful neighbours. If the Dutch Provinces are divided, it is our insular situation only will protect this kingdom.

April 5. It is reported to have been debated in the Cabinet to appoint Mr. Fox as Ambassador to the United States of America. They conceive it is the only probable means that can possibly save this country from the inevitable destruction which ever awaits a government enfeebled by faction. Beside the prospect of giving vigour and efficacy to our executive powers at home, they have great hopes of its restoring to us our lost colonies. For, like wise politicians, they are assured, that if they could but transfer that cabal and faction which divides and enervates Great-Britain, to America, they must become again dependent on the mother country.

April 8. The continent is certainly in a state of political fermentation. The Dutch and the Emperor are ready to engage immediately, if a peace cannot be concluded upon. The French prepare to assist the Dutch, but wish not to offend the Emperor. Old Frederick marches and counter-marches his troops. An intestine faction saps the vitals of the Republic of Holland; and the Stadtholder perhaps owes his quiet tenure of his seat to the necessity for a show of unanimity. The Spaniards, Portuguese, Venetians and Maltese, are preparing for the annual drubbing which they go to receive before Algiers. Add to this, that the Empress has every reason to suspect designs of the most hostile nature against her favourite Crimea, and from a quarter not the most agreeable. Transylvania is still in a state of inactive confusion, since the rebellion. And Old England, neighbour-like, has her trials and troubles.—Give peace in our time, O Lord!

According to the last advices from Cadiz, the Spanish armament was to sail about the end of April; every preparation was in great forwardness a month ago.

April 11. The people have not yet felt the whole burthen, of been made sensible of all the expences of the late war. Near twenty millions of navy and ordnance debt are yet to be funded, for the interest of which new taxes must be imposed. What a glorious prospect would there not have been, had it continued for a year or two longer! Who is not aware of the truth of Mr. Fox's assertion in the House of Commons, that the peace was disgraceful and ruinous to Britain?

The accurate M. Neckar has just published at Paris, an Essay on the Administration of the Finances in France. This singular calculator computes the inhabitants of that kingdom at twenty-six millions of souls, upon twenty-seven thousand square miles. The taxes amount to six hundred millions. The revenue of the Clergy amounts to one hundred and thirty millions.—A balance of trade calculated at seventy millions.—Two millions of gold and silver coin. An annual increase of forty millions to these riches.

M. Neckar is of opinion that this increase is probably equal to the increase of all the coin of all the other European States put together.

It is reported that some disagreeable accounts have within these few days been received respecting the conduct of the Dey of Algiers towards the subjects of Great Britain, with whom that potentate has lived in the greatest amity for many years.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

MONDAY, April 4, 1785.

TRADE WITH AMERICA.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer having brought up a bill to continue the act of the last year, for dispensing with the production of certain instruments, by vessels coming from the ports of the United States of America into the ports of Great-Britain, and moved that it be read a first time,

Mr. Fox rose and observed, that he understood the bill brought in by the Right Honorable Gentleman was to continue till the fifth of April, 1786; he did not mean to offer any obstruction to its passing through the House; on the contrary, he was disposed to facilitate its progress, being convinced it was indispensably necessary, since the act, the provisions which it was to continue, would expire to-morrow or next day; but he wished to suggest to the House, whether it might not be expedient to shorten the proposed time of its duration. It has been understood, that ere this some measures would have been devised for the establishment of a permanent commercial arrangement with the American States, and he trusted the present sessions would not elapse till the business should have had a full, mature and deliberate parliamentary discussion; and that a full enquiry might be made into the present state of the commercial intercourse between England and America, and the proper measures adopted for the better and more secure and permanent regulation of that intercourse, he was desirous the date of the Bill might be shortened from April 1786 to September 1785.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer objected to the proposition made by Mr. Fox, because he did not imagine it practicable for any permanent system of commerce between this country and America to be established in the course of the present session.

The Bill being read a first time, Mr. Pitt moved, that the said Bill be read a second time; which being agreed to, the same Right Honorable Member moved, that the House do now go into a committee on the said Bill, which passed without opposition.

Mr. Fox, in the committee, pursued the same line of argument he had adopted on the first reading of the Bill, and assured the House, that his only motive for desiring a short continuance of the Bill, was to prevent Parliament from being deprived of the opportunity of pursuing the very important enquiry as to the state of commercial regulations between Great-Britain and the United States of America; and to effect this purpose he would move, that the words "Fifth of April, 1786" be left out, and "Fifth of September, 1785," inserted in their room.

Mr. Jenkinson, disapproved of the amendment proposed by Mr. Fox, because he did not think there would be time in the present session of Parliament for coming to any decisive resolutions upon a business so extensive, important and complicated, as that of settling a commercial treaty with America.

Mr. Eden said, no ill consequences had yet happened, nor, in his idea, were to be apprehended, through the want of a treaty of commerce with America; and he would give the Bill his hearty support.

The question for the bill to pass the committee in its original form being put and carried, Mr. Fox's amendment was consequently lost.

The House being resumed, Mr. Gilbert, Chairman of the committee, made a report of the Bill, which was ordered to be engrossed.

BOSTON, May 19.

As the town meets this day, upon matters of importance, and particularly to receive the report of their committee, appointed to draw up instructions for their representatives, it is hoped that no friend of his country will omit attending at Faneuil-Hall, that all may see that we have yet some spirit remaining among us, and that those vipers, the late proscribed refugees, who have returned to insult us and again to stab their country, may be attempted to be legally removed from this commonwealth, whose constitution and whose magistrates they must ever abhor, and of course will ever endeavour to confound and destroy.

The brig Medford, Captain Deblois, arrived here yesterday. She sailed from London ten days before Captain Callahan.

The meeting of the committee of tradesmen and manufacturers stands adjourned to Monday next, at three o'clock, at the Green Dragon.—It is desired that a representative from every branch may be present, as the petition to the general court will be reported, and in which the whole body of tradesmen and manufacturers will find themselves interested.

NEW-YORK, May 26.

A correspondent cannot help expressing his surprise, that while the Bostonians were recommending measures for the general good, they should leave it in the option of the select-men to accept such British agents or factors as they should approve. This striking inconsistency ought to be expunged from their proceedings; otherwise the evils we labour under and daily experience from British councils will only take the deeper root: For through those acceptations which the select-men may think proper to make, the calamity may be continued and our difficulties increased, not remedied or removed, which is the object in view, and for which purpose people of all ranks and degrees shew a strong disposition to unite and form the most spirited associations. Our resolutions in this respect should be general and extensive, not partial and particular.

May 30. The Musquito shore and logwood territories are once

more a bone of contention between the English and Spaniards, and it is not far from a certainty, that a war will speedily take place on this score between these powers, and probably involve some other nations in the quarrel.—In case of such an event, the conduct to be observed by the American States will be obvious to all. The happy effects of sovereignty and independence will then be more sensibly felt than ever, as we will not be drawn into British quarrels as formerly, but may pursue our interests by observing a strict neutrality, and becoming carriers to the several belligerent powers. The British court seems to be encouraging the Turkish and Morocco corsairs, with whom they are at peace, to distress our European trade as much as possible, that we may be induced to import from Europe in English bottoms; but it is hoped Congress will speedily fall upon some plan to counteract this insidious piece of policy.

CHARLESTON, May 5.

If it is true, what has been asserted, that the Spaniards are building a fort in the western parts of North-Carolina, with an intent to molest or cut off the settlers in the New States, our indignation against them should be as general as determined; that we should be roused as one man; to immediate opposition against them; that we should invite the natives throughout all the Spanish colonies in America, to throw off the galling yoke of these tyrants, under the promise of considering them as united in the same league with ourselves.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.

Messrs. HALL AND SELLERS,

If you think the following extract of a letter worthy to be inserted, be pleased to give it a place in your next paper, and you will oblige, your humble servant,

A. B.

DEAR SIR,
"I HAVE duly received your favor, and will endeavor to answer that part of it which respects the Bank of North-America, which, you are pleased to say, you had looked upon as an institution that had afforded some singular advantages to this country in general. You express your surprise at its having been found necessary to abolish its charter by an Act of the Legislature, the preamble to which declares, that it "hath been found to be injurious to the welfare of this state, and in its tendency appears to be incompatible with the public safety." As the House of Representatives is, no doubt, actuated by a view to the general good of the state, it is to be supposed that the institution appears to them in this light; but as the wisest men may be mistaken in their judgment, or misled by appearances, I shall, as the bill for taking away the charter is published for consideration, comply with your desire in stating my sentiments why I am of a different opinion; and this I shall do with the more freedom, as the intent of publishing a law for consideration is, to give an opportunity to the public of reflecting on its tendency, and of offering any remarks upon it that may occur.

"The operations of the Bank of North America have been, hitherto, directed to facilitate the means of commerce, and to supply the public exigencies, by advancing large sums of money for the services of the United States. The first has been done by lending money to individuals for a short term, upon sufficient security, at the legal interest of six per cent. per annum, by this means enabling the merchant to pay ready money for every article of produce. Hence, the farmer has been enabled to receive the highest price, in specie, for his labors, and the merchant enabled to extend his commercial views to a degree, which, without this resource, it would have been impracticable for him to have done. From hence too, the circulation of specie has been greatly augmented, and, from this increased circulation of specie, new life and vigor diffused thro' the whole state, which has manifestly felt the good effects resulting from this cause. With respect to the United States, I think I may venture an assertion, which, however bold it may appear, is founded in the strictest truth; namely, that this institution contributed in a great degree, to the termination of the war, and, consequently, was a principal mean of establishing the Independence of America. When it is remembered, and surely the event is too recent to be already forgotten, that the continental money had so far depreciated in value, as to be no longer serviceable as a medium of exchange or barter, and that the wisdom of Congress was exhausted in devising ways and means to carry on the war, this institution arose, under its auspices, supplied the public exigencies by anticipation of revenue, and the advancement of sums almost incredible, at different times; by this means depriving our enemies of their last hope of subjugating us, which they had founded upon our total inability to continue the glorious struggle, and to bring it to the desired issue, for want of money or credit. I say, when these circumstances are considered, the assertion will not appear too bold. Nor can there be a doubt, that this institution would be equally disposed to render any services in its power to the United States, upon any future emergency. With respect to Pennsylvania, it has long since declared its devotion to her peculiar advantages, by an offer, when the question for establishing a Pennsylvania Bank, in opposition to the Bank of North-America, was agitated before a Committee of the House, of lending Government a very considerable sum in specie, upon having proper security for the re-payment.

"Thus far I have endeavored to point out some of the advantages arising from this institution. The charges against it come next to be considered. These, as far as I have heard, are reducible to the following, viz. That the interest taken by the bank for loans is excessive—that it prevents money being lent upon mortgage, as before the war, and thereby deprives the farmer of the means of improving his estate—and that the influence of the bank is dangerous.

"The first argument I have already shewn to be fallacious, by asserting that the practice of the bank is to lend money to individuals for a short time at the rate established by law, viz. six per cent. per annum, and this is its invariable rule, as I am assured from unquestionable authority.

"The next assertion, of its preventing money being lent upon mortgage as before the war, is equally fallacious. I do not mean to assert that money is to be borrowed on mortgage as formerly. This would be to assert a notorious falsehood; but I mean to say, that it is owing to the speculations in the various paper securities now afloat, and the fears that a law may be made, authorizing the debtor to pay with something, which, though called money, is not equal to what he borrowed, and that, therefore, those who have money which they would otherwise place at interest, chuse to employ it in some way by which the real value may be secured, though the same income cannot be derived from it as might be done by placing it out at legal interest. Hence, I think, it is clear, that it is not owing to the bank having locked up all the cash, for this too has been asserted, that money is not to be procured upon mortgage, as was formerly the case.

"I come next to the charge, that the influence of the bank is dangerous. It has been suggested, that the stock-holders of the bank may become so numerous and rich as to influence our elections. This can hardly be effected by an institution, whose members will be influenced by other motives than the interest of the body of which each one composes but a small integral part. But, for the sake of argument, let us suppose this formidable power put in motion. How far will its influence extend? Probably not beyond the city and county of Philadelphia; and what are these, in comparison of the whole state? If, indeed, we are to judge from the complexion of the present House, this dangerous power has not yet shed its pernicious influence even on the election of a city member.

"Let us now view this proceeding in a political light. And here, it appears to me that the abolition of the charter will be attended with a numerous train of ills. A want of specie in circulation will, probably, be the first felt. For who will remain in this country, or, if he does retain it, part with a shilling more of it than his inevitable necessities require. A still greater

want will follow, namely, that of confidence in the government--for who can rely upon the justice of that government, which, after having granted a charter, revokes the same, without even affording the opportunity of an hearing in defence of that charter. Can any act be more despotic? Is not this debasing the majesty of government? And will not the facility with which laws are made and repealed, charters granted and revoked at pleasure, create an indifference towards government, and induce habits of disobedience to the authority of the state? Laws should never be enacted, nor charters granted, but upon a full conviction of their public utility; nor should they be slightly revoked, left the wisdom or patriotism of the Legislature be justly called in question.

One consideration more shall close this letter, which has already exceeded the bounds of moderation, and that is this--Foreigners have, upon the faith of charters, invested considerable sums in the purchase of bank stock. What idea must they entertain of the wisdom of our government, when they find the only institution that established public credit in America abolished without an hearing, because it is simply said "to be injurious to the welfare of this state, and in its tendency appears to be incompatible with the public safety?" They will immediately withdraw their money, and thereby lessen the quantity of specie now amongst us, and will naturally ask, what can be more injurious to a state, and more dangerous in its tendency, than the abolition of public credit? And to this question we have no reply."

A Correspondent hopes the Honorable the Executive Council will issue positive orders to sue all Delinquents for Taxes through the state, with the same rigour that Mr. Delany is directed to sue the Merchants for their Duty Bonds; otherwise the Merchants of the City of Philadelphia, who with generosity and spirit have always paid up their own Taxes, will have the utmost reason to complain of the Cruelty, Injustice and Partiality of Government.--To drive the Nail that will go, and to ride the willing Horse to Death, seems to be the governing Maxim of the present Assembly--but it is most fervently hoped that the Riders will speedily be cast into the Mire.

Extract of a letter from Alexandria, in Virginia, dated May 19. Last Tuesday being the day appointed by the states of Virginia and Maryland, relative to opening the inland navigation of the river Potomack, a meeting was held at Mr. Lomax's tavern, consisting of a very numerous assembly of the first people in the respective states. Daniel Carroll, Esq; President of the Assembly of Maryland, being appointed to the Chair, the subscription books were read as the acts direct, when it appeared that forty thousand three hundred pounds were subscribed, a sum far beyond what was requisite to incorporate the company. The company was of course established, and proceeded to the election of a President and Directors, when the following gentlemen were elected: His Excellency George Washington, President; George Gilpin, John Fitzgerald, Thomas Johnson, and Thomas S. Lee, Esquires, Directors.

"This great and important work is to be immediately begun. The vast consequence that must derive to the middle states, when completed, cannot be elucidated but by time, the discoverer of all great events. The next general meeting is to be held at Georgetown, on the first day of August next."

"We hear from the southward of a very destructive insect having got among the wheat, in the neighbourhood of Richmond, by which many crops had received great damage. These insects have been, from time to time, observed further southward."

"The Lion, Captain Campbell, is arrived in this river from Glasgow, under jury-masts, after a passage of nine weeks. She lost her masts in a gale of wind, after being fifteen days at sea."

FOR THE PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

THE instituting the Philadelphia Society for promoting Agriculture has enlisted the generality of husbandmen, with the hope that much good will be derived from it,--and they are pleased with its proceedings and designs. The worst is, although some allow the great good effects it is meant to produce must be a work of some time, and much depends upon assistance from among the more intelligent husbandmen every where, yet others are so inconsiderate as to look for wonders, in a manner instantaneous, and that all is to be done by the Society within itself. It appears, however, the Society in a friendly and affectionate manner has asked assistance from all quarters: It is what I find the agricultural Societies in Europe have done. With the assistance of communications from experienced husbandmen, compared, selected and adjusted, it seems the Philadelphia Society expect to fulfil their wishes, so far at least as to cause a considerable improvement in the agriculture of America; which, as they justly intimate, is far behind the new husbandry of Europe;--and, why may we not overtake it?--What an immense addition of wealth and independency to individuals!--What a weight of national ability would it add to the American scale!

Although I am happy in observing the pleasure with which the country, almost universally, view the designs of the Society, and its inclination to assist it, yet I cannot conceal the indifference with which the husbandmen of one part of the country are likely to receive the Society's proposals; at least in the opinion of a friend who writes from the spot: He says,--"The Society for promoting Agriculture will meet with little encouragement here, as the people's follies so push them, that the only object is, what will raise the most money for the present, without consulting futurity;--consequently, they are striving who shall wear out their lands soonest, by vying with each other in their crops of Tobacco.--It is not for me to comment on this passage.--I only wish the people of that part of the country equally well with the wife and the most provident in the world. L."

On **FRIDAY** next, Precisely at NINE O'CLOCK, at the CITY VENDUE STORE, will begin the SALE of a large and general Assortment of

MERCHANDISE. ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, and Co. Auctioneers.

A SCHOOL-MASTER,

OF good Character, who is qualified to teach Reading, Writing and Arithmetic, and is willing to undertake a School, at Moore's-Town, within ten Miles of this City, will meet with suitable Encouragement. For Terms, apply to RICHARD WELLS, in Front-street, Philadelphia; or RICHARD S. SMITH, in Moore's-Town. c t f.

THE subscriber informs the PUBLIC, that he intends to ride POST, from the Borough of Reading, to the City of Philadelphia. To leave George Feather's in said borough, every Monday morning, at 6 o'clock; and Michael Hays, at the sign of the King of Prussia, in Race-street, above Third-street, Philadelphia, every Wednesday, at 10 o'clock, for at least six months next ensuing. All persons having any commands to and from the city may depend on being punctually served, by their obedient humble servant, JAMES COTTER.

N. B. All persons having any just demands against the subscriber may call at either of the above houses in sixty days after the date hereof, where he will attend, to adjust the same. And all persons indebted to him are desired to make speedy payment. Reading, May 24, 1785.

FOUND, a few Days ago,

A FINAL Settlement Certificate, signed JOHN PIERCE, Commissioner. The owner, on proving property, and paying the charge of this advertisement, may have it again, by applying to the Printers hereof. May 28.

SAMUEL HOWELL,

Has for SALE, or to RENT for one Year or the Summer Season, AN elegant stone DWELLING-HOUSE, piazza front and back, with convenient out-houses, a large garden, and 85 acres of land, or only a few acres for pasture, as may be wanted; situated on a pleasant bank on the river Delaware, about seven miles from the city, equally healthy and pleasant to any place in Pennsylvania.

He has also for Sale, a compleat sett of Rigging, Cables, Anchors, Canvas and Ship Chandlery, for a ship about 63 feet keel. The terms of payment for the above will be made easy.

Mr. ADGATE's VOCAL MUSIC.

THE TRUSTEES of the INSTITUTION for promoting the Knowledge of PSALMODY, having examined the state of its funds, and it appearing therefrom that they are exhausted, have agreed to close its accounts up to the first day of June, 1785, and after that day they declare the institution to be dissolved; nevertheless, should a substitute be proposed, they hold themselves in readiness, as individuals, to give it all the encouragement in their power.

The subscribers to the above-mentioned institution are informed, That the last public EXHIBITION will be at the University, on WEDNESDAY evening, the first of June, beginning at eight o'clock; they are requested therefore to call on Mr. ADGATE, at Mr. John Connelly's, on the west side of Second-street, a few doors north of Chestnut-street, next Wednesday, for their tickets.

The greatest pains will be taken to make this concluding exhibition agreeable. May 27.

Delaware State, ff.

IN THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY,

SATURDAY, June 12, A. M. 1784.

A PETITION from divers owners of MARSH MEADOW, situate on both sides of St. George's creek, in New-Castle county, praying leave to bring in a bill for cutting a canal and erecting a brick or stone trunk or sluice for discharging the waters from the said meadows, and for other purposes, was presented to the chair, and read.

Ordered, That the petitioners have leave to bring in a bill agreeable to the prayer of their petition, first giving six weeks notice thereof in the public papers, in order that any persons concerned may appear before the House, and offer their objections thereto, if any they have.

Extraet from the Minutes,

§ 6w JAMES BOOTH, Clerk of Assembly.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY last night from the subscriber, living in East-Bradford township, Chester county, An Irish Servant Man, named JOHN NEELES, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, with short black hair, a little curled, and speaks a little broken. Had on and took with him, a light coloured cloth coat, with wooden buttons; a red and green camblet jacket, with a piece set in under the arms, down the sides; and green mohair buttons; a brown linsley ditto, with wooden buttons; two or three shirts, two pair of trousers, one pair of leather breeches, three pair of stockings, two pair of shoes, one of them strong double soled, with strings in them, the other with brass buckles; two wool hats, one almost new, the other half worn. He came into the country last summer, in the ship Sisters, from Sligo.

Also ran away some considerable time ago, one NEALE CARLTON, who often changes his name to Hugh Carlton, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high; is a bold impudent fellow, very talkative, with black curled hair, a good deal marked with the small-pox, a remarkable white speck in one of his eyes, and walks a good deal stooping. Whoever takes up and secures said servants, so that the owner may get them again; shall have the above reward, or Ten Dollars for John Neeles, and for the other Six, and all reasonable charges; paid by May 10, 1785. RICHARD JONES.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to take them off at their peril.

PROCLAMATION.

IN pursuance of a writ of Venire Facias, under the hands and seals of the Honorable Thomas McKean, Esquire, Doctor of Laws, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and the Honorable William Augustus Atlee and George Bryan, Esquires, Justices, assigned, appointed and commissioned, to hear, try and determine all and every the indictments and presentments made and taken for and concerning all treasons, murders, and such other crimes as by the laws of the said state are made capital or felonies of death, and all other crimes, injuries and offences whatsoever; as also to deliver the goals of all persons who are or shall be committed for the crimes aforesaid, To the Sheriff of the county of Chester directed: PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all those who will prosecute or follow against any such prisoner, that they be at Chester, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, there to be held, on the twenty-seventh day of June next, then and there to prosecute against them as it shall be just; and that all Justices of the Peace, Coroners and Constables, within the said county, be then and there, in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other their remembrances, to do those things which to their offices belong in that behalf to be done.

Dated at Chester, the seventeenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, and in the ninth year of the independence of the United States of America.

WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff. GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

Just imported per the London, Capt. Hopkins, from London, and to be SOLD by JAMES REYNOLDS, At the GOLDEN BOY, near the Bunch of Grapes Tavern, in Third-Street.

A GENERAL Assortment of LOOKING-GLASSES, oval and square, in elegant carved and gilt Frames, with Girandoles to match; also in ornamented and plain Mahogany Frames of all the usual Sizes. A large Variety of the best London made PAPER HANGINGS; japanned Tea Trays, Waiters, Mugs, Cans, &c. of the best Workmanship, and at the lowest Prices.

ALL persons indebted to the partnership of GARRET and SORREL, Grasiers, either by bond, bill or book debt, are once more requested to make immediate payment to SETH WILLIS, near the Draw-bridge; and all those who have demands against said partnership, are hereby notified to bring in their respective accounts for settlement, to RICHARD DOWNING, Philad. May 25, 1785. WILLEAM KENLY, SETH WILLIS, Assignees.

Easton, May 30, 1785.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court-house, in Easton, on Tuesday, the 21st day of June next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, A certain Tenement and Lot of Ground, situate in said town, containing in front 55 feet, and in depth 240, subject to a ground-rent of seven shillings sterling yearly, late the property of John Spangenberg; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold, by PETER BALER, Sheriff.

NEW BOOK-STORE.

THOMAS DOBSON

Has removed from Front-street to Second-street, two doors north of Chestnut-street.

WHERE he is just opening for sale, a very extensive collection of BOOKS, in various branches of literature; they are in general excellent editions, and in the finest and most elegant bindings: Those who are pleased to honour him with their orders may depend on the utmost attention and the gentlest usage. From the regular supplies which he expects of all new publications of merit, he hopes for a continuance of that favour of the generous public which he has already experienced.

Among others, T. DOBSON has just received the following new medical Books:

1. Bell's System of Surgery.
2. Fourcroy's Elementary Lectures on Chemistry and natural History, translated from the French, with notes and illustrations by the translator, forming a complete course of those two sciences, 2 large volumes, 8vo.
3. Dickinson's Enquiry into the nature and causes of Fevers.
4. Iving's Experiments on the Red and Quill Peruvian Bark; being the dissertations which gained the first prize, given by the Harveian Society of Edinburgh, for the year 1784.
5. Dr. Cullen's First Lines of the Practice of Physic; the only complete edition published and corrected by the Doctor himself, 4 volumes, large 8vo.
6. The Chirurgical works of the celebrated Percival Pott, best edition; to which is added in this edition only, and to be found in no other. 1. His Remarks on the operation of amputation. 2. Remarks on the palsy of the lower limbs, and curvature of the spine. 3. Farther Remarks on the usefulness of the lower limbs, with elegant plates, 3 large vols. 8vo.

Also just come to hand, a few Scotch Almanacks for the year 1785.

At the above store may be had, a variety of writing paper, quills, ink-powder, wax, wafers, &c. &c.

Bristol Borough, Bucks county, May 28.

STOLEN, out of the subscriber's stable, on the night of the 21st instant, a grey horse, about 14 hands and an half high, shod all round, a natural trotter, round bodied, short switch tail, low carriage, 11 years old. Whoever secures said horse and thief, so that the owner may get his horse again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward, or EIGHT DOLLARS for either of them, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN HUTCHINSON.

N. B. The person suspected to have stole the horse is an Irish servant, named James Lawton, by trade a cooper, much marked with the small-pox, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, 18 years old. It is thought he will sell him, as he was scarce of money. §

STRAYED or STOLEN, on the night of the 7th instant, out of the stable of Daniel Burns, in Front-street, a brown HORSE, about six years old, 14 hands and an half high, trots and paces, carries well, shod before with old shoes, strikes his hind feet against the fore ones, by which the hoofs are much broke, has no white about him. Whoever takes up said horse, and will bring him to Peter Mierken, at the sugar-house, in Shippen-street, Southwark, or to John Lukens, in Townamensing township, Montgomery county, shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, and reasonable charges, paid by either of the above persons. May 30.

MEDICINAL WATERS,

For DRINKING and BATHING, at

HARROWGATE,

Within about 4 miles of Philadelphia, near the Frankford road. THE Author of Nature having provided the above named spot with three different kinds of MINERAL WATERS, the subscriber has at a considerable expence erected such buildings over them, as will render them fit to be used either internally or externally, according to the diseases of persons who require them. These waters have been examined by Dr. Rush and Dr. Moyes. The first spring contains a quantity of sulphurous, or what those gentlemen called hepatic air, and a small quantity of iron. It is remarkably light, and resembles, both in composition and medicinal qualities, the famous Harrowgate water in England.

The second spring contains a quantity of fixed air, with a small quantity of iron and calcareous earth, and possesses many of the virtues of the Pyrmont water, so well known, and so justly celebrated all over the world.

The third spring is a common chalybeate water, and resembles the Bristol, in this state.

The subscriber submits it to the judgment of the Physicians of the city of Philadelphia, when and in what DISEASES and in what QUANTITIES to recommend the use of these mineral waters. He will only observe, that the Harrowgate water has rendered essential service to persons afflicted with diseases and obstructions of the stomach, bowels and kidneys. It has also removed worms, and relieved the irregular gout and chronic rheumatism. Externally applied, those waters have in many instances cured tetters and other eruptions of the skin.

In the house erected over the Harrowgate waters are two shower baths, and two dressing-rooms, and at the chalybeate spring is a convenient bath for plunging or swimming.

Breakfasts, dinners and lodgings may be had at the dwelling-house adjoining the springs; and for the convenience of invalids, a light stage-wagon will set off every morning (Sundays excepted) at six o'clock, after the first of June, till the first of October, from the sign of the Green Tree, in Race-street.

The public may be assured that no expence or trouble shall be spared to render these waters and baths both convenient and useful, by their humble servant, GEORGE ESTERLY.

May 30, 1785. P. S. For the use of the baths the price will be Four Dollars for the season, Two Dollars for One Month, Five Shillings for one week, and One Shilling for each time the baths are used less than a week. Nothing will be demanded from those people who only drink the waters. The price for each seat in the stage, going and coming, will be Three Shillings.

To be Lett on Ground-rent for ever,

SEVERAL valuable LOTS of GROUND, on Second, Pegg and New Market-streets, in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, adjoining Pegg's Run.

Likewise a number of other valuable LOTS of GROUND, situate in the Northern Liberties aforesaid, bounded on Front-street continued, Germantown road, Maiden, Haydock and Canal-streets. The flourishing situation of this neighbourhood, and contiguity of the Lots to a canal and the river Delaware, renders the situation very eligible for improvements. For terms, apply to PETER MILLER, Conveyancer, in Third-street, or to 3d Month 26, 1785. a m. SAMUEL GARRIGUES.

TO BE SOLD,

A GOOD three story brick HOUSE, with a two story kitchen, stable and lot of ground, well fitted for business, in a very pleasant and improving part of Market-street.

Also four acres of highly improved Land, on which are convenient buildings, a large garden, fruit-trees, &c. &c. about a mile from the city. Enquire of the Printers. § 5w.

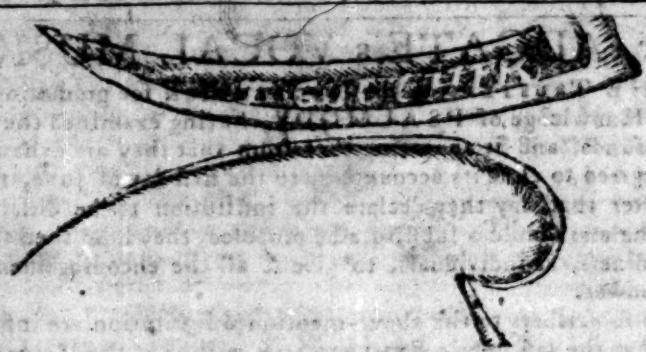
IMPORTED
In the last VESSELS from EUROPE, by
KUHN and RISBERG,
A LARGE and GENERAL ASSORTMENT of
SPRING GOODS:

Among which are the following---

OLIVE jeans and fustians,
Printed jeans and jeanets,
Dimities,
Cross-over,
Stockinets,
Dutch and Proffian cords,
Superfine yard wide India jeans,
Snowdonets,
Velvets,
Corduroys,
Satinets,
Hairbines,
Striped hollands,
Huerlem stripes and checks,
11-8ths linen & cotton checks,
A large variety of printed cot-
tons and linens,
Ditto dark and light ground
chinz and calicoes,
Naekeens,
India calicoes,
Moreens and taboreens,
Shalloons, tannies and durants,
Calimancoes,
Montereens and wildbores,
Yard wide rich trapes,
Plain and figured camblets,
Sagathies and duroys,
Furniture checks and calicoes,
Mens, boys, and womens silk,
thread, and cotton hosi,
Womens silk, jean, kid and bea-
ver gloves and mitts,
Mens silk caps,
Oiled silk bathing ditto,
Mens thread, kid and beaver
gloves,
Womens chip, Leghorn & bea-
ver hats,
Mode and farset fashionable
shades,
Satin, Persian & durant quilts,
A great variety of black and
white silk,
Crape, thread & fustice gauzes,
Spotted and loom bordered kent-
ing aprons & handkerchiefs,
Needle worked lawn, tamboired
muffin, gauze & minionet do.
Tiffanies,
Long lawn,
Black and white catgut,
Cambricks and lawns,
Crimation, straw, sayloc, brown
garnet, emperor's eye and fish
coloured mantus,
India gillies,
Ell wide persians,
Black, white and dove-coloured
sattins,
Modes, persians and farsetts,
A large assortment of common
and rich silk handkerchiefs,
Linen and cotton handkerchiefs,
Spotted, bordered and mapped,
Mock and Marfeilles quilting,
Fine corded muffs,
Diaper and damask tablecloths
and napkins,
Towelings and clouting diapers,
Cordis and fine striped tickens,
6, 7, 8, 9, and 10-qr. bedbuntes,
Childrens Morocco shoes,
Mens Morocco slippers,
Mens, boys and childrens black
and white beaver, castor and
felt hats,
Bindings and ferrettings of all
breathes,
White & coloured threads, tapes
and bobbins,
Nonpareilles & Hanover laces,
Totly and camblet gartering,
Hatters trimmings,
Wire shirt buttons,
Rich scarf and common twis,
Sewing and embroidering silks,
Silk and thread say laces,
Thread and blond laces and ed-
gings,
Black silk laces,
Plain and painted ribbons in
boxes,
Half-penny & penny taste plain
and pearled,
Hair ribbon,
Black ruffel,
Superfine bombazeens,
Black, white and brown buck-
rams,
Ticklenbergs,
Lubec rolls,
Hedlens,
White and brown Ruffia, drill-
ings,
Sail duck,
7-8ths & yard wide Irish linens,
Brown filchies,
Yellow canvas,
Crewels,
Hair chair seatings,
Switch, half and whole hunters
whips,
Green, yellow, blue and red Mo-
rocco skins,
Pocket looking glasses,
Artificial flowers and wreaths,
Gimp,
Dressed and undressed dolls,
Horn and ivory combs,
Womens bent ditto,
Paper snuff boxes,
Bull foals,
Galoshes,
Pot, foolscap and post paper,
Passeboard,
Dutch quills and sealing wax,
Blacklead pencils and ink pow-
der,
Slates and slate pencils,
Bibles, testaments, psalters and
horn books,
Brass, paper and leather ink
stands,
Watch chains, keys and trink-
ets,
Temple spectacles,
Bone and horn coat and vest
moulds,
Saddlery and shoemakers imple-
ments very generally assorted,
Kirby and common fish hooks,
Plated, paste, Pinchbeck, white
and yellow metal, shoe, knee,
breast, and stock buckles,
Plated, fancy, white and yellow
metal coat and vest buttons,
White and yellow metal glass &
gilt sleeve buttons,
Plated spurs,
Brass beer and wine cocks,
Single and double chambered
padlocks,
Mill and hand saw files,
Wood screws,
Gimblets,
Crust frames and glasses,
Steel yards,
Brass, steel & iron canklesticks,
Iron and polished steel snuffers,
Mens and womens thimbles,
Brass nails,
Darning, knitting, Whitechapel
and common needles,
Pewter assorted,
Cutters, butchers and Barlow
knives,
Oyster knives,
Pins,
Knives and forks,
Tailors shears,
Scissors of all sizes,
Sheep shears,
Curry combs,
Sweeping, cloths, shoe and horse
brushes,
German scythes and whetstones,
Sad irons,
Copper fish and tea kettles,
Tea urps,
Large and small japanned wait-
ers,
Warming pans,
Powder, shot and bar lead,
Mill saws,
Iron wire from No. 17 to 22,
Crowley's steel,
Womens hose and others,
Calimanco and damask shoes in
trunks and boxes,
Mens shoes in trunks,
Hairdressers implements assorted
in boxes,
German and Bristol glass ware
well assorted in crates and
chests,
Japanned ware compleatly as-
sorted in casks,
Sets of plated dining and tea
table equipage of the latest
fashion,
Nuhrenberg toys assorted in ca-
ses,
Short and long pipes,
Juniper berries and anniseeds in
tices and hogheads,
Liquerice stick,
Spanish white and brown and
yellow ochre in tices,
Red and white lead in small
casks,
Antimony, copperas and brim-
stone, in tices and barrels,
Gilt red leather trunks in nets,
Hyson and green teas in quar-
ter chests,
Small mahogany framed pier
looking glasses in hands pack-
ages, containing from 6 to 12
each, and a few pair elegant
large sized,
A quantity of copper in sheets
and bottoms,
Spikes assorted from 5 to 11 and
a half inches,
4d, 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, 20d and
30d nails,
Bar iron,
Rod, sheet, and hoop iron,
Steel in boxes and tappers,
Plough shares and coulter,
Wagon traces,
Spades, Shovels,
Frying pans,
Brass wire,
Hooks and thimbles,
Marlin spikes,
Carpenters tools, &c. &c. 8w.

To be LETT, on Ground-rent,

For a term not exceeding TEN Years,
A NUMBER of LOTS of GROUND, situate in Fourth
street, between Chestnut and Walnut streets, adjoining the
Friend's school-house. For terms apply to the subscriber, who
will shew a plot of the same.
ALSO, a number of HOUSES and LOTS, in the City and
Liberties, and many PLANTATIONS in the different States,
to be SOLD or LETT.
RICHARD ARMITT.
Philadelphia, April 26, 1785.



To be SOLD by the Subscriber,

At his House, in Market-street, between Fourth and Fifth-streets,
at the Sign of the SCYTHE and SICKLES---
A large Quantity of *Scythes and Sickles*,
which he will sell on reasonable terms.
THOMAS GOUCHER.
N. B. He intends, in another Year, to establish his Manufac-
tory on a more extensive Plan than at present, provided he meets
with due Encouragement from the Public.
Philadelphia, May 16, 1785. c 6 w.

**For the Summer season, or one Year,
TO BE LETT,**

FOR a Gentleman's seat, in a high pleasant situation, upon
Wilshickon road, between two and three miles from the city,
towards Schuylkill, a very convenient house and garden. En-
quire of GEORGE HEYDEL, in Second-street, between Arch
and Race-streets.

SIX POUNDS REWARD.

RAN AWAY, from the subscribers last night, two Dutch
servant men, viz. ALEXANDER RAUCH, about 5 feet
7 or 8 inches high, well made, a Baker by trade, speaks a little
English, about 25 years of age, short dark hair, full faced, dark
eyes; had on and took with him a grey fustout coat, one silk and
cotton striped and two calicoe jackets, a pair of black velvet
breeches, a white shirt, ribbed stockings, and a pair of boots.
Also, GEORGE NEY, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7
inches high, fair complexion and curling hair, is very distinguish-
able by a stoop of the head, wears a light blue coat, and took
away a new dark fullian waistcoat and pair of breeches, with old
nankeen ditto, and new shoes. Whoever will secure the above
Servant men so that their masters may have them again, shall
have the above reward, or Three Pounds for either of them, and
all reasonable charges, by
JOHN PETERS and
HENRY HILL.

N. B. It is supposed they are gone in company with a certain
Martin Bessenbach, a baker, and Adam Butner, a butcher, who
have absconded the same night from the last Dutch ship, in which
they all came six weeks ago.
Philad. May 2, 1785.

CAME to the plantation of William Torbert, in the township
of Lower Merion, and county of Montgomery, late last
fall, a young sorrel HORSE, about 12 hands high, and now in
the possession of the subscriber, near Roberts's Mill, in the above
township and county. The owner is desired to come and prove
his property, pay charges, and take him away.
May 7, 1785. THOMAS ROBESON.

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered upon the beginning of October next.
A LARGE DWELLING HOUSE, BREWERY and MALT
HOUSE, now in the tenure of James Gregson, situated
on Fourth-street, near the corner of Race-street. The premises
are in good repair, and well adapted to their respective uses. If
not sold at the time abovementioned, they will be again lett.
For terms apply to THOMAS MOORE, in Market-street, be-
tween Fifth and Sixth-streets.
Philad. March 20, 1785. t. f.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RAN AWAY, on the 28th day of March, from the sub-
scriber, living in St. George's hundred, and county of New-
Castle, in the Delaware state, a Negroe Man, named KITT,
about 6 feet high; he is a little round shouldered, has a very fair
look, and a scar above the right eye. The said Negroe is remark-
ably active at the following laborious employments, such as maul-
ing of rails, cutting of wood, using the scythe, both in mowing
and cradling. He had on when he went away, a lead coloured
cloth coat, with polished buttons, a white flannel jacket, double
breasted, with metal buttons, buckskin breeches, white stockings,
new pumps, with brass buckles, and an old hat, &c. As the
said fellow is a great liar, he may probably change his name and
clothes, and pass for a freeman; he is also very fond of gaming,
particularly at cards. Whoever takes up the said Negroe and
brings him home, or secures him in any goal of the United States,
so that his master may get him again, shall have the above re-
ward, and reasonable charges, paid by
April 29, 1785. THOMAS BOOTH.

N. B. All masters of vessels and others, are forbid to harbour
the said Negroe man at their peril. 5 3. c 6.

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered on immediately.
A VALUABLE PLANTATION, in Oxford township, a-
bout 46 acres of LAND, with a two story brick DWEL-
LING-HOUSE, two rooms on each floor and cellars under the
same, a well of good water at the door, frame barn, log cow-
house, and other out-houses, an orchard of good fruit, 5 acres
of woodland, 3 acres meadow, and 3 ditto marsh, bounding
on the river Delaware, in a good neighbourhood, and about 6 miles
from the city of Philadelphia, and a good road to the same. For
terms, apply to Ruth Peters, Executrix, on the premises, or to
Leonard Shallcross, Executor, in Oxford township, Thomas
Paul, Lætitia Court, Philadelphia, or Isaiah Worrell, in Frank-
ford, who will shew the premises. May 4, 1785. ¶

**TO BE SOLD,
By ISAAC PENINGTON,**

At the SUGAR-HOUSE, the corner of Race and Crown-
streets, Double and Single refined LOAF SUGAR, LUMP
SUGAR and MOLASSES. ¶ 6 w.



THE noted stallion ECLIPSE, hav-
ing for three years past successfully,
stood at the same place as a covering horse,
and been frequently shewn at the Coffee-
House in the city of Philadelphia, and at
all times and places, where he has been
viewed and examined, by any gentleman
sportman, or judge of that noble animal,
will allowed to be the most compleat figure
of a horse they had ever seen, and 'tis as generally acknowledged,
that for beauty, carriage and speed, Eclipse is not excelled by any
horse on this continent, nor is there any more certain and noted
for getting superior elegant colts; many of which are now very
valuable, and may be seen in the possession of several gentlemen
in the neighbourhood.

Eclipse having thus so justly supported the highest reputation
of a covering stallion, by giving full satisfaction to the subscri-
ber's friends, is for the convenience of such gentlemen as choose
to breed elegant horses from him, still continued at the old place,
the late seat of Mr. Robert Hopkins, deceased, on Point-no-
Point, five miles from Philadelphia, to cover the season, at *Three
Pounds Five Shillings* each mare.---The horse is so generally
known, that it almost seems superfluous to say any thing as to
describing such a noted and conspicuous figure, and only for su-
periority, it were entirely unnecessary: However, he is full blooded,
a most beautiful bright bay, strong black mane and tail, and well
marked, fifteen hands and an inch high, and every way justly and
truly proportioned---and really of superior figure---six years
old this grass, of great strength and action, and his pedigree is up
to the first breed of horses ever on the continent. A Fearnought, a
Herod, &c.---The particular descent will be given to these gen-
tlemen who please to favor the subscriber with their preference.

Good Pasture on reasonable terms, and every necessary care ta-
ken of the mares while in the the subscriber's charge. The mo-
ney to be paid before they are taken away.

Having a considerable range of best early pasture, on choice
meadow grounds, convenient for the accommodation of any gen-
tlemen's horses and cattle from the city or neighbourhood, I
propose to take in any such to pasture or keep, per week, on very
moderate terms, and when the season advances shall have a quan-
tity of other excellent mowing grass, which will be sold by the
acre at reasonable rates;---and now have a quantity of prime hay
for sale.
t b c 4 w. JACOB BATES.

N. B. For satisfaction of the public, and the observation of
gentlemen sportmen, judges of horses, Eclipse will be shewn at
the Coffee-house, on Market-Days, when the weather is fine
Point-no-Point, April 5, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

TWO thousand five hundred acres of LAND, in Berkely
county, adjoining to the tract now in possession of Mr.
James Wormeley, at the Rocks. The goodness and fertility of
its soil are so well known, that any description of it is unneces-
sary. It is convenient to the best merchant-mills, to saw-mills,
the market town of Winchester, to churches and meeting-houses.
I shall be in Berkeley in May or the beginning of June. In my
absence, either Mr. JAMES WORMELEY or Mr. NICHOLAS
ROPER may be applied to, who will shew the land, and receive
proposals from those who wish to purchase any of it. It may
be laid off in lots of two or three hundred acres, or more or less,
to suit the purchasers, or sold in one body. Six months credit
for half the sums, twelve for the other half. Interest will be
required from the day of signing the bonds, on failure of payment
when they become due.
Virginia, Rosehill, March 3, 1785. § 6 w.

TO BE SOLD,

TWO Tracts of excellent LAND, situate on the waters of
Fall's or Harvey's creek, and on the great road leading from
the west branch of the Susquehanna to Wyoming, in North-
umberland county, containing 603 and an half acres, with allowance
for roads; there are on the premises two or three compleat mill
seats, and several very rich bottoms, of which meadow may be
made with little expence. The whole patented and recorded.
Also a two story BRICK HOUSE, 14 feet front, and 14 or 15
feet deep; the lot on which it stands is 30 feet front, and 220
feet deep, situate in Southwark, on the east side of Front-street,
and on the west side of Church-alley, opposite the Swedish
Church. The house insured this year, and subject to a ground-
rent of 6 l. per annum. For further particulars, enquire of Mr.
Joseph Tatem, opposite the City Tavern, in Second-street, where
draughts of the land may be seen, or of the subscriber, at
Roadtown, Cumberland county, State of New-Jersey.
§ AULAY McALLA.

MATTHEW WHITEHEAD,

BLACK and WHITE-SMITH, in Walnut-street, near
Second-street, carries on his Business in the different Branches
as usual;

JACKS repaired and fixed in the best and completest Manner;
also Bells neatly hung; Stove Grates and Kitchen Ranges
made as compleat as in London.

Philadelphia, April 6, 1785. 5 w.

Twenty-four Dollars Reward.

STOLEN out of the subscriber's lot, in Wilmington, in the
night of the 7th instant, a light bay GELDING, about 10
years old, dark mane and tail, 14 and an half hands high, well
made, of good courage, and carries himself well under the saddle,
or in a carriage, is about half blooded, canters and trots well,
and generally used as a hackney; he was late the property of
Captain Thomas Read, and the late William Pickle, Esq; of
Philadelphia. Any person securing the thief, so that he may be
brought to justice, and the horse, so that the subscriber gets him
again, shall have the above reward; or for the horse alone,
TWELVE DOLLARS, paid by
N. B. It is believed that a certain George Deal and George
Plank, in concert, stole the said horse; and Deal (who is a bre-
ther of Nicholas Deal, on Tinicum Island) went off with him.
Plank is under an arrest on that account.

Wilmington, 2d Month 19, 1785. § 8 w.

KAIGHN and ATTMORE,

Have for SALE, at their STORE, on the west side of Front-street
six doors below Arch-street, on the most reasonable terms,---
a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Imported in the last Vessels from Europe,
AMONG which are, a good assortment of ENGLISH SUPER-
FINE, second and double milled BROADCLOTHS, with
RATTINETS to match; superfine CASSIMERS for ladies ri-
ding dresses, and a fresh parcel of

British and Dutch Sein Twine,

Suitable for shad or herring fisheries. They have also for sale
BURLINGTON PORK by the BARREL. § 8 w.

SAMUEL PLEASANTS
Has removed his STORE to Chestnut-street, nearly opposite the Bank, where he has for SALE,
A fresh Assortment of DRY GOODS,
Imported in the last Vessels from Europe. \$4w

EDWARD EVANS,
Has for SALE, at South-Street Wharf,
A QUANTITY of excellent
Burlington Pork and Mefs Beef.
Philadelphia, May 24.

ALL persons having demands against Messrs. FALCONER and TOMKINS, of this city, merchants, are desired to render their accounts for adjustment; and those who are indebted to them are requested to make immediate payment, as their Assignees are anxious of discharging their trust as soon as possible.
JOHN FROMBERGER,
JOSHUA W. GIBBS,
CHARLES GILCHRIST, } Assignees.
SAMUEL SMITH,
JOHN FERGUSON, }
thctf.

MATTHEW CLARKSON,
Has for SALE, on the most reasonable terms, for specie, or the new emission of paper money, at his STORE, in Third Street, almost opposite the Bunch of Grapes Tavern, and the fifth house to the southward of Arch-street,---
The following ARTICLES, viz.

A GOOD assortment of fine and coarse Linens of various prices, elegant chintzes, Marcellies quilting, white jeans of the first quality, ditto of various colours, gauzes, plain and souffle, sewing silks of different colours, round and square japanned waiters, from 7 to 16 inches, a variety of ink-stands, men and women's shoes, a large assortment of chest locks and hinges, padlocks till and cupboard locks, tea-chest ditto, brass desk and till ditto, spring chest ditto, brass desk sets, firmer chisels, turners ditto, gouges, plane-irons, an assortment of files, tennant saws, H and HL hinges, carvers tools, wood screws, spike gimblets, small ditto, awl blades, butchers cleavers, plated stirrups, curb chains, bits and snaffles, a large quantity of cutlery, consisting of knives and forks, cutters, pen-knives, scissars, razors, and lancets of the best sort; plated shoe and knee-buckles, tin ditto, hat ditto, best plated coat and vest buttons, gilt ditto, tin and plain white metal ditto, black death-head horn do. sleeve ditto, sword hooks, cork-screws, watch-chains and keys, brass rhimbles, pins, mixt ditto, sailmakers needles, darning and white chappel ditto, buckle-brushes, very elegant snuff-boxes, Indian trinkets, consisting of beads, links and ear-bobs, &c. needle-cases, paper ink-pots, mahogany knife-cases and tea-chests, japanned sugar-boxes, ditto tobacco-dishes and clyster-pies; best cordage, consisting of cables, hawsers, stays, tow-lines, tacks, sheets, buoys, ropes, bolt-ropes, spun-yarn, hawline, marline, log-lines, hand-lines, deep sea-lines, sail-twine, whipping-twine and Hamburgh lines, &c. German scythes, an elegant clock, upon a new construction, supported by marble columns. c 4 w

Imported in the Ship London, and other Vessels from Europe, and to be SOLD by
TOWERS & EVANS,
Next Door to the Presbyterian Meeting-house, in Market-street,
A fresh Assortment of
Capital DRUGS and MEDICINES,
A Variety of Patent MEDICINES, &c.
And a large and general Assortment of
GLASS and PAINTERS COLOURS, viz.

WHITE LEAD, dry, Frankford Black,
and ground in Oil, Gamboge,
Red Lead, do. do. Indian Ink,
Spanish Brown, do. do. Ivory Black,
Yellow Oker, do. do. Kings Yellow,
Prussian Blue, do. do. Litharge,
Verdigrease, do. do. Magnes,
Lamp Black, do. do. Naples Yellow,
Annatto, Rose Pink,
Brown Pink, Spanish Whiting,
Blue Black, Stone Oker,
Black Lead, Strewing Smalt,
Carmine, Turkey Umber,
Drop Lake, Venetian Red,
Dutch Pink, Vermillion,
Flake White, White Vitriol.
Linsed Oil, drying ditto, Spirits of Turpentine, Turpentine Varnish, White ditto, Brown ditto, Lacquer, Pallet Knives, Painters Brushes, Marking ditto, Sash Tools, ground and common, Camels Hair Pencils, &c. Window, Coach, Picture and Clock Face Glass, from 20 Inches by 16 to 8 Inches by 6.
N. B. Glass cut to any Size or Form. \$

TO BE SOLD,
THAT valuable FARM, in the township of Passyunk, on the river Schuylkill, half a mile below GEORGE GRAY's Ferry, formerly A. Rambo's estate, containing about 150 acres of upland, and about 8 acres of embanked meadow, with some cripple, a good two story brick house, and a frame or log house adjoining, barn, stable, milk-house, orchard, garden, &c. being an excellent farm for raising stock, and very convenient to tend the Philadelphia market with milk, butter and vegetables. For terms, apply to the subscribers, Attorneys for Edward L. Chick. If not sold at private sale by the 20th of June, then to be sold by public sale, on the 9th of July next ensuing, on the premises.
DANIEL WILLIAMS,
ENNION WILLIAMS.
May 20, 1785. \$

TEN DOLLARS Reward.
SUPPOSED to be stolen, on the 17th of this instant, in the evening, a sorrel HORSE, 5 years old, near 15 hands high, with a blaze in the face, a feather on the near side of his neck, a natural trotter, a saddle about half worn, with a red striped sweat cloth, and a single rein bridle. Whoever takes up and secures horse and thief, if stolen, shall have the above reward, or FIVE DOLLARS for the horse, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by the subscriber, living in Upper Dublin township, Montgomery county.
May 19, 1785. \$ JONATHAN THOMAS.

STRAYED or STOLEN, last Tuesday night, out of the field of the subscriber, at Christians Ferry, a sorrel coloured horse, with a blaze in his face, and two white feet, shod before, a natural trotter, but has a hobbling pace before he gets into his trot, 14 hands high, and about 7 years old. Whoever takes up said horse and secures him, so as the owner may get him again, shall have Six Dollars Reward, and reasonable charges; and if stolen, for horse and thief, Ten Dollars, and reasonable charges, paid by
ISAAC LAWRENCE.
Wilmington, May 21, 1785. †

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.
WAS stolen out of the stable of the subscriber, in the township of Norriton, county of Montgomery, on the night of the 17th of January last, a likely bay MARE, 14 and an half hands high, branded W. H. on the near buttock, both hind feet white to the fetlock joints, has a star and snip, switch tail, carries well, trots and canters, about 7 years old, three quarters blooded. Any person apprehending the thief and mare, so that the owner may have her again, shall have the above reward upon conviction of the thief, or EIGHT DOLLARS for the mare only.

Likewise came to the plantation of the subscriber, on the 3d of May inst. a sorrel MARE, about 14 hands high, trots and paces, has a star in her forehead, low carriage, and long tail, is about 5 or 6 years old. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.
May 17, 1785. \$ JAMES ADAMS.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.
STRAYED or STOLEN, from the plantation of the subscriber, about four weeks ago, a black MARE, with a star in her forehead, branded behind C. A. continental marks, and before P. P. paces, and carries her head low, has a short tail, with an ear-mark on the back part of the ear, some saddle-marks, a thick mane, small hoofs, and was shod all round, about 14 hands high, very thick and chunky. Whoever takes up said mare, and brings her to the owner, shall have the above reward, paid by
CHARLES STILL.
Vincent township, Chester county, May 21, 1785.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,
At the Court-House, in Bridgetown, Cumberland county, New-Jersey, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of June next, between the hours of two and five in the afternoon,

A LOT of GROUND, containing 60 perches, situate in Bridgetown aforesaid, adjoining land of David Potter, Rebecca Boon, and others. There are on said lot, a good dwelling-house and barn, a well of excellent water near the door, and a number of fruit-trees. The place is beautifully situated in a central part of the town, and would be very suitable for public or mechanical business. The purchaser, on paying a small part of the money down, may have twelve months for the payment of the remainder. Further particulars will be made known at the day of sale, by
CHARLES OGDEN.

N. B. Final settlements of Pennsylvania or Jersey states will be taken in payment, at their current value. May 24. \$

IN pursuance of the powers given to us by the Supreme Court, we hereby give public notice, that we shall meet on Wednesday, the 15th day of June, at Patrick Byrnes's Tavern, in Philadelphia, at 7 o'clock in the evening, to ascertain and settle the demands of the creditors of a certain BRASSINE, now in the goal of Philadelphia county; at which time and place, all the said creditors are hereby notified to attend, in order that they may be entitled to a distribution of monies of the said Brassine, paid into the Supreme Court for the benefit of his creditors.
MAY 21, 1785. \$ SAMUEL MILES,
JOHN MAXWELL NEBBITT,
JOHN CHALONER.

SIX thousand acres of patented LAND to be disposed of for merchandise or cash, situated in Penn's Valley, near the Bald Eagle, about 30 miles above Sunbury. Said land has on it a fine stream of water, sufficient for a number of mill-seats, and is reported to be in general very good, and to have an iron mine on it. For terms, apply to THOMAS HOWARD, in Second-street, near Chestnut-street. \$

STRAYED or STOLEN out of a pasture lot, between Walnut and Spruce-streets, on Third-street, in the night of the 18th instant, a sorrel GELDING, with a blaze in his face, two white feet, a short mane and switch tail, about 14 hands high, trots and canters: Also a bay MARE, with a blaze in her face, one hind foot white, with a black main and tail, about 14 hands high, and a natural pacer. Whoever takes up said creatures, if strayed, and delivers them to the PRINTERS hereof, shall have SIX DOLLARS Reward, or THREE DOLLARS for either; if stolen, and the thief or thieves apprehended, so that they may be convicted thereof, shall be entitled to a Reward of SIX POUNDS.
May 23, 1785.

TEN POUNDS Reward.
RUN away, on the 22d of April, from Dubartes Shepherd, living near James's river, in Botetourt county, Virginia, a Negro man, named CHARLES, but supposed to have changed his name. He is about 30 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, strong made, with large hands and very large feet, and when he laughs or smiles his eyes appear very small; he is not so black as some Negroes. It is thought he will pretend to have been set free by the people called Quakers.
The subscriber, having purchased him running, will give Fifteen Pounds reward, and reasonable charges, to any person that will secure and bring said Negro to him, in Albemarle county, or Ten Pounds reward for securing him in any goal, on shortly giving notice thereof to
May 24, 1785. \$ GEORGE NICHOLAS.
N. B. A letter sent to Richmond, directed for said George Nicholas, living in Charlotte's Vale-Town, Albemarle Court-House, will quickly come to hand. \$

EIGHT POUNDS Reward.
WAS stolen out of the subscriber's stable, on the night of the 19th of April last, a very dark brown, or black GELDING, about 15 hands high; 8 or 9 years old, without mark or brand, trots and gallops, and is well broke to the road; he also goes well in a carriage. He is supposed to have been stolen by a Negro man, named Andrew, who left the neighbourhood about that time, and is said to be now in or near Wilmington. I do hereby offer a Reward of THREE POUNDS to any person who will bring said horse home, and all reasonable charges; also a further Reward of FIVE POUNDS for the detection of the thief, so that he may be brought to justice.
JOHN WARD, son of Peregrine.
Cecil county, Maryland, May 9, 1785.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.
STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscriber, living in Southampton township, Bucks county, on the night of the 13th inst. a black HORSE, 6 or 7 years old; 14 hands high, paces and trots, but most natural to pacing, he is a little bay of his ears when bridling; branded on the shoulder and thigh G V D. Three Dollars will be given, and reasonable charges for the horse only, and the above reward for horse and thief, upon conviction, by me
May 20, 1785. \$ GODFREY VANDERIN.

WAS FOUND on the plantation of John Witmer, senior, in Lampeter township, in the county of Lancaster, some time in April last, a BAG, with a number of pieces of dry goods, such as silk handkerchiefs, Joans spinning, &c. The owner is desired to call on the subscriber, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.
May 19, 1785. \$ JOHN WITMER, senior.

WHEREAS a certain WILLIAM ASKEW, from Virginia, hath obtained a Note from us the subscribers, dated the 9th day of February last past, for the sum of Fifty Pounds, lawful money of Pennsylvania: But as we have not received any value for the said sum, we do therefore forewarn all persons not to take an assignment on said Note, as we are determined not to pay the same, until compelled thereto by due course of law.
Lampeter township, Lancaster county, May 15, 1785. \$ CHRISTIAN HARE,
ABRAHAM HARE.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in West-Whiteland township, Chester county, on the 27th instant, a sorrel MARE, six years old, between 14 and 15 hands high, four white feet, and a star in her forehead, trots and canters. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take her away.
April 30, 1785. \$ HADLEY BROWN.

THE subscriber hereby forewarns all persons from trusting his wife Otilla Teller on his account, for he is determined that he will not be answerable for any debts of her contracting.
May 12, 1785. \$ GEORGE TELLER.

STRAYED or STOLEN, out of the stable of the subscriber, last night, a bright bay GELDING, about 14 hands and an half high, has a star in his forehead and small snip, one hind foot white, supposed to be on the off side, rubbed with the saddle on both sides of his withers, scarcely got well, shod all round; is missing with him, an almost new rope halter: He is five or six years old this spring, canters very naturally, trots a little, not well gaited otherways. Whoever takes up said horse and thief, so that the thief may be prosecuted to conviction, shall have EIGHT DOLLARS Reward, or for the horse only, FOUR DOLLARS, and reasonable charges, paid by
PARKER ASKEW.

NOTICE is hereby given, that William Sheekels, Samuel Husted, John Mills, George Reek, Thomas Gandy, Whitlock Paulin and John Stevens, insolvent debtors, now confined in the goal of the county of Cumberland, state of New-Jersey, intend to apply to the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas, for the benefit of the insolvent act; they therefore desire all their creditors to appear at the Court-house in Bridge-Town, on Thursday, the seventh day of June next, to shew cause, if any they have, why an assignment of their estates should not be made to their creditors, and they released from confinement agreeable to act of insolvency.
Cumberland county, April 18, 1785. \$ † 4 w

NOTICE is hereby given
To the Surveyor-General, and Deputy-Surveyors of the several districts within the last Indian purchase,
THAT a Tract of Land, beginning on the west side of the north-east branch of the river Susquehanna, opposite the north end of Monoma Island, and thence extending west 800 perches to a corner, thence north 3770 perches to a corner, thence east 1570 perches to a corner, at the lower end of an island, and opposite to a corner-marked white-oak; thence down the river, by the several courses thereof, to the place of beginning; containing 18,000 acres, and allowance for roads, was located long before the late revolution, and appropriated to satisfy the original purchases made of the first Proprietary of Pennsylvania, by his son William Penn the second, Sir William Petty, and Arant Sommers, which rights are and always have been acknowledged to be indisputed, and by the Act of Assembly for vesting the estate of the late Proprietaries of Pennsylvania in this Commonwealth are excepted. Wherefore all persons engaged in purchasing and locating lands within the last Indian purchase, are desired to take Notice, and avoid the said lands, or they will certainly incur a dispute with the constituents of the subscribers, in whom the rights are now vested.
THOMAS CLIFFORD,
JOHN ABRAHAM DENORMANDIE,
MIERS FISHER, and
May 17, 1785. \$ CHARLES HURST.

THE Gentlemen who compose the
Chester County Troop of Militia Light-Horse, are hereby requested to meet at the house of John Scott, at the United States, East-Whiteland township, Chester county, on FRIDAY, the 3d of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, properly equipt, and with their arms and accoutrements in good order. And all persons enrolled therein, who have neglected to furnish themselves with the necessary equipments required by law, are hereby notified, that their places shall be deemed vacant, and given to such as may then apply and engage to provide themselves as aforesaid.
May 16, 1785. \$ SAMUEL VANLEER, Captain.

S T U R G E O N,
Cured in the Baltic manner, to be SOLD by
ELIZABETH PHILIPS,
In Kensington, near the Long Bridge, either for exportation or home consumption.

SHE has followed the same business for upwards of 50 years, has given general satisfaction to her former customers, and hopes for the continuance of their favors.
She warrants the said fish to keep in the hottest climates, by observing the following directions: Take out the bung and draw the pickle into a clean earthen pot or pan, then take out the marked head, harden on the hoops again, and pour the pickle over the fish, putting a clean cloth under the head of the key to prevent the air getting in; if the pickle waste, add sharp vinegar to it.
The said fish is also sold by Mr. JOSEPH BURNS, in Front-street, between Vine and Callowhill streets, and by no other person.
May 16, 1785.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA,
IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY,
FRIDAY, April 18, 1785. A. M.
A member presented to the Chair a motion, which was read; and on motion, and by special order, the same was read the second time, and adopted as follows, viz.
WHEREAS it appears, by the report of a Committee of this House, that large sums of money remain due to the state, on bonds taken by the Collector of the Customs, which, by the tenor and condition of the said bonds respectively, became due and payable at various periods now past.
And whereas it is requisite and necessary that such arrearages should be speedily paid and collected, in order to answer the several demands charged upon the same.
Resolved, That the Supreme Executive Council be, and they are hereby desired to order the said Collector to use his utmost diligence to obtain payment of all the said arrearages; and if any of the said arrearages now due shall remain unpaid on the first day of June next, that the said Collector be directed forthwith to put the bonds, on which such monies shall be due, into the hands of the Attorney-General, to be prosecuted upon, without delay or respect of persons.
Extract from the Minutes,
J. SHALLUS, Assistant Clerk
of the General Assembly.

TO BE SOLD REASONABLE,
At the Corner of WALNUT and SECOND-STREETS, by
SHARP & WILLIAM DELANT,
SWEET OIL in Cases, Oris Root,
S Ditto in Jars, Juniper Berries,
Cream of Tartar, Anniseeds,
Vendigraese, Caraway Seeds,
Best Aleppo Galls, Litharge in Kegs;
Fine Sponge,
A L S O,
A general ASSORTMENT of MEDICINES,
SURGEONS INSTRUMENTS,
SHOP FURNITURE, &c. as usual,
Philadelphia, May 14. 1785.

Donnaldson and Coxe,
Have for SALE, at their STORE in Walnut, near Front-street,
The Cargo of the Ship Kitty,
Captain Mallett, just arrived from Rochfort, now landing at the
wharf of Messrs. Whitehead and Co. consisting of an extensive
Assortment of MERCHANDIZE of the growth and manufac-
ture of France: Among which are the following Articles,
which they will dispose of on reasonable terms, for Cash, short
Credit, or dark Maryland Tobacco of a good quality:
OLD Coniac Brandy in pipes,
Claret of the first quality in cases of 5 dozen each,
Champaigne Wine in do. of 2½ ditto,
Burgundy ditto in do. ditto,
Superfine broadcloths of the most fashionable colours,
A variety of chintz, calicoes and cottons, dark and light grounds,
Sattins, taffeties, Florence silk plush, and ladies satin shoes of all
colours,
Women and mens silk and kid gloves and mitts,
Fans and ribbands assorted,
Womens and mens silk, thread and cotton hose,
Umbrellas and silk handkerchiefs,
Gauze and gauze handkerchiefs,
Fine cambricks, lawns and dimities,
Sealing wax,
Ladies silk and gauze cloaks, c & f.

TO BE LETT,
And entered upon immediately,
A VALUABLE grazing FARM, containing 100 acres,
with a frame house, spring-house and other conveniences,
very suitable for a person attending the market with milk.
Also two large tracts of grazing ground, one containing 160, and
the other 200 acres, and a number of stone quarries, to be LETT.
The whole within two and an half miles of the city. For terms,
enquire of the subscriber, at the Woodlands, the seat of Wil-
liam Hamilton, Esquire.
May 12, 1785. WILLIAM THOMSON, Overseer.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.
RUN away, last night, from the subscriber, an apprentice
Lad, named WILLIAM MOORE, about 18 years old,
limb made, walks close, has light coloured hair, about 5 feet 6
or 7 inches high, a blacksmith by trade; had on and took with
him, one new cloth coat, light faggathy jacket, corauroy and
buckskin breeches, three shirts, one of them fine, two pair of tow,
and one pair of striped trowsers, two hats, one a felt, the other an
English cap, with a band and buckle, brown linen stockings,
one pair of shoes, a light coloured coat, with some other trifles
not known. Whoever takes up the above apprentice and confines
him in any goal, and gives me intelligence, so that I may get
him again, shall have the above reward, paid by
Lower Merion. May 15. JONATHAN ROBESON. ¶

I. POYNTELL,
Begg Leave to inform the PUBLIC, That he has opened a
WHOLESALE and RETAIL
BOOK & STATIONARY STORE,
on the North Side Market-street, between Front and Second-
streets, opposite Lattitia-Court, where he respectfully solicits
the Commands of the Public. May 17, 1785. †

In the Common Pleas of York County, April Term, 1785.
No. 175.
JAMES LOGUE, Executor of the last Will and Testament of
of WILLIAM MARLIN, deceased.
Brian Queen and John Charter.
April Term, 1785. And now on motion, ruled and ordered,
that the depositions of John Buchanan and John Marlin be taken
(in order to perpetuate the same) before William Scott and
Michael Hahn, Esquires, or either of them, at the Court-House,
in York-Town, in the county of York, and state of Pennsylvania,
on Thursday, the 23d day of June next, at two o'clock in the
afternoon; and that the above rule be published in the Penn-
sylvania Gazette for four weeks.
Extract from the Records,
† 4 w. ARCHIBALD McCLEAN, Prothonotary.

TO BE SOLD,
On very reasonable Terms. (In the State of New-York)
THAT pleasant and very valuable FARM and GRIST-
MILL, situate on the east side of Hudson's or North-river,
about two miles above Fish Kill Landing, and 70 miles from the
city of New-York, formerly the property of Dirick Brinckerhoff,
Esq; deceased. The dwelling-house is in good repair, and com-
mands an elegant prospect of the river, consisting of six large
rooms, with four fire-places, and an elegant cellar under the
whole. There are on the premises, a good garden and orchard,
with a number of valuable fruit-trees, a good kitchen, smoke-
house, a miller's house and store, barn and stables, with a most
valuable well of excellent water, and a large building intended for
a distillery and brew-house. The grist-mill is a spacious building, 3
stories high, containing one pair of stones; it is in a good neighbour-
hood for country work, and most advantageously situated for mak-
ing merchantable flour. The farm contains about 380 acres of
upland and meadow, well timbered and watered. The many ad-
vantages attending the above premises cannot be inserted in an
advertisement; but it suffice to say, that it is in every respect cal-
culated for the pleasant seat of a gentleman, and for the man of
business. An inalienable title will be given. For terms, en-
quire of LEONARD JACOBY, merchant, in Second street,
Philadelphia.
Philad. May 8, 1785. LEONARD JACOBY.

SIX-PENCE Reward.
RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on Thursday last, An
Apprentice Lad, named THOMAS CASSELL, about 18
years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high. Took with him, a su-
perfine black cloth coat, a buff coloured cloth jacket,
a pair of black breeches, two pair of new striped trowsers. Who-
ever takes up the above apprentice lad, so that his master may get him
again, shall be entitled to the above reward, to be paid by
Philad. May 8, 1785. LEONARD JACOBY.
N. B. As the lad heretofore has been entrusted to receive and
collect money, therefore it is requested not to pay him any on his
master's account.

TO THE PUBLIC.
FEW countries are richer in botanical productions than
America; but in no country has less attention been paid to
collecting an account of them. Natives and foreigners have fre-
quently had occasion to lament the want of some work, which
might serve as a register of past discoveries, and lead to future
ones. It cannot be compiled at once, or by one man; but it is
the duty of every one to contribute what he can towards it.
Influenced by this motive, and at the request of many respect-
able persons--
PROPOSALS are made for Printing by SUBSCRIPTION,
AN AMERICAN BOTANY,
OR AN
Alphabetical Catalogue and Botanical Description of the Forest
Trees, Shrubs, &c. Natives of the United States--Arranged
according to the Linnaean system, with the English names
also annexed, and an account of the appearance, manner of
growth, &c. of the different species and varieties, with some
hints of their use in medicine, manufactures, dyes, and do-
mestic economy. With proper indexes. The whole com-
piled from actual observation, by HUMPHRY MARSHALL,
near Bradford Meeting-house, Chester county.
It will be printed in 8vo. and will be put into the press as soon
as a sufficient number of copies are subscribed for to pay the ex-
pense of printing; the author having no view of private emolu-
ment.
Price to subscribers 3/9; money to be paid on subscribing.
Subscriptions taken in by Messrs. Crutchbanks, Bradford, Hum-
phreys, and the Printers herof.

Philadelphia, May 12, 1785.
RUN AWAY, from on board the schooner ALICE, Capt.
JACKSON, Commander, lying at the Bird-in-Hand wharf,
on the 6th of May, last, a Negroe Fellow, named J A C K,
about 35 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, has a low soft
voice when he speaks, and appears very foolish and simple. Had
on when he went away, a short jacket, of a dark grey colour, old
trowsers, much tarred, ozabrug shirt, and old shoes; but took
with him sundry other clothes, the property of passengers on board,
which cannot be described. Whoever secures and delivers said
fellow to BENJAMIN RUST, living in Richmond county,
Virginia, or to the subscriber, in Market street, between Sixth
and Seventh-streets, Philadelphia, shall be greatly rewarded.
THOMAS COLLINS.

HEAD & SANSON,
Have for SALE, by the Package or Piece, at their STORE, in
Second street, opposite the Church, a Large Assortment of
MERCHANDIZE,
Suitable to the Season, imported from different Manufactories of
England, from Ireland and Scotland; among which are,
BENGALLS, striped gingham, jeans and funians, cor-
duroys and velvets, silk and worsted fashions, corded im-
mities, shalloons, rattinets, callimancoes, durans, tamises,
moreens, damasks, doffetens, cambrics, India calicoes, cotton
and linen hollands, ditto 7 8hs. yard wide and yard 3-8ths
checks, ozabrigs, 3 qtr 7 8hs and yard wide Irish linens, Ger-
man and Irish dowls, Scotch sheetings, cambricks and lawns,
muslins and humbros, striped tickes, plain kenting, kenting
handkerchiefs flowered and bordered, 7-8hs and yard wide plain
gauze, check and linen pocket handkerchiefs, womens purple
leather mitts, buckrams, death head and fancy buttons, &c.
HARDWARE--Knives and forks, penknives, cutlars, raz-
or, shoe and knee buckles, spurs, sleeve links, money scales and
weights, cuff and tobacco boxes, White chapel needles, horn,
ivory and curry combs, temple spectacles, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 and
20d sharp, fine and common nails, 10, 12 and 20d. flat point
common ditto, shovels, frying pans, anvils, wire, mill-saws, &c.
Red lead, verdigraese, magnus, Hots's and other shes, silver
watch s, powder and shot, and a number of other articles.
By the Package only--A variety of cloths, a few cases of Irish
sheeting and diaper assorted, together with a bale or two of match
coat; all which they mean to sell upon the most reason- able terms.
Also fytthes, sheet iron, Bristol pewter, sad irons and window
glafs.
N. B. They, as usual, take in and purchase all kinds of Ship-
ping Furs.

A general Assortment of DRY GOODS
to be SOLD, at the STORE of Mr. JOHN McCLELLAND,
lately occupied by the subscriber, in York-Town.
THEY will be sold upon a reasonable credit, and at the lowest
prices, either the whole together or divided into parcels,
so as to suit the purchasers. The terms may be known by apply-
ing to said McClelland, or to Thomas Hartley, Esq; in York-
Town; and the subscriber would attend himself upon notice.
Country Store-keepers might supply themselves there to great ad-
vantage.
EDWARD CRAWFORD, Jun.
May 10, 1785. ¶ 6 w.

WHEREAS by an Act of the General Assembly of the
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, passed the 8th day of
April last, it was enacted, That the Health Officer, having
received from the Captain of any vessel importing German passen-
gers the list of their names, shall, with his German Interpreter,
review all the passengers on board, men, women and children,
and enquire, whether any of them are superannuated, impotent,
or otherwise likely to become chargeable to the public, and make
report thereof in writing to the Register, who, if he approves
thereof, shall enter the same in a book for that purpose to be
kept by him, and transmit the original thereof to the office of
the Secretary of the Supreme Executive Council; and give his
order and licence to land such of them as are returned sound,
without any defect in mind or body.
And "That all indentures of such German passengers, men,
women and children, by which they shall be bound to serve, and
all assignments of servants made within the said city, shall be
made and acknowledged before the said Register, or his lawful
Deputy."
AND WHEREAS the Honorable the Supreme Executive
Council having duly commissioned the Subscriber, Register for
the purposes above recited, this is therefore to give NOTICE
to all persons concerned, that he has opened his OFFICE at the
Store of Messrs. Adam Foulke and John Linton, on Mess's
Sims' Wharf, below the Drawbridge.
Philad. May 7, 1785. LEWIS FARMER, Register.

AGREEABLE to the Resolve of CONGRESS, of May 10,
1780, respecting the renewal of LOAN OFFICE CER-
TIFICATES, destroyed through accident; I the subscriber do
notify, that on or about the 6th day of January, 1780, my
dwelling-house, in Talbot county, in the State of Maryland,
was consumed by fire, and therein were burnt and consumed,
two Continental Loan Office Certificates; that is to say, one
No. 1859, for one thousand dollars, and the other No. 1860, for
one thousand dollars also; both of which Certificates were issued
at the Continental Loan Office in Philadelphia, on the 27th day
of April, 1779, and were taken out in the name of Joseph
Buff, of the county and state aforesaid. And this notice is
given to entitle the owner to have the said Certificates renewed.
¶ 6 w. RACHEL GOLDSBOROUGH.

To be Rented for the Summer Season,
TWO GOOD ROOMS, with other privileges, situated on
the Banks of the Schuylkill; about five miles from the
city of Philadelphia. For further particulars enquire of the
PRINTERS. April 30, 1785. ¶

To be Sold, by way of public Vendue,
Pursuant to the last Will and Testament of John Hutchinson,
deceased, on the premises, on the 7th day of June next.
TWO HUNDRED and EIGHTY-SEVEN acres of LAND,
with allowance for highways, about thirty-three whereof
is good tide meadow, within bank, and twelve more may be
made, not banked, about eighty cleared, the remainder wood
land, being situate in the township of Greenwich, county of
Gloucester and state of New-Jersey, bounding on the south-west-
erly side of Great Mantua Creek, and adjoining the lands late of
Jacob Cozens, John Haines and others; lying about one mile
above the bridge over said creek, five from Friends Meeting-house
at Woodberry, one and an half from a Church and Methodist
Meeting-house, and two from a grist-mill; on which land are
two dwelling-houses, two barns, two apple orchards, and springs
of good water near the houses: The same being divided for sale
into three tracts, to each of which is laid nearly a proportionable
part of the meadow. Any person inclining to view the premises
before the day of sale, by applying to the subscribers, near the
same, may see a map thereof, and its situation. The sale to be-
gin at twelve o'clock on said day, when attendance will be given,
and the conditions made known, by
May 7, 1785. THOMAS WEST,)
JOHN ROOM,) Executors.

TWAS April twenty-seventh night,
My servant Daniel took his flight;
He came from Cork some time ago,
As by his lingo you will know;
His name, he says, is Kennelly,
About five feet eight inches high;
He's thirty years, or thereabout,
Of blackish hue, and very stout;
He speaks the Irish tongue compleat,
(If I him take he'll dance a peet.)
His hair is black, and cut before;
His legs are stout (save one that's sore.)
When he went off, he took away
A new wool hat and shoes they say,
His coat was white and small cloaths too,
But truth, they were not very new,
A blanket vest for him too black,
A d buckskin one with linsey back;
Three shirts he also took away,
One tow, the others flax, they say;
His stockings made of black sheeps wool,
And for him they are very full;
He also stole, and to-k away,
A horse mare that's very shy;
She paces rough, and rougher trots;
She has a star and saddle spots;
She was, I think, about thirteen,
Or fourteen hands, perhaps between;
Her carriage is uncommon low,
She's seven years some days ago.
Whoever does them both secure,
Of Two French Guineas may be sure;
If to conviction he is try'd,
My name you'll find is JAMEY BOYD.

SIX POUNDS Reward.
RUN away from the subscribers, living in Northampton and
Warwick townships, Bucks county, joining each other,
on Saturday night, the 7th instant, two Irish servant Men, the
one named JAMES HENRY, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 7
or 8 inches high, is a thick well set fellow, with a remarkable
short neck, and a fair complexion, has a cant of the Irish
dialect in his way of speaking; had on, when he went away, a
white fulled linsey coat, lined with striped linsey, a white
flannel under jacket with carved metal buttons, two or three
coarse linen shirts, a pair of old buckskin breeches, one pair of
tow linen trowsers, two pair of stockings, the one blue, and the
other sheeps wool black, one pair of good coarse shoes, a small
half worn beaver hat, with a silver loop. The other named
WILLIAM RALSTONE, a weaver by trade, about 5 feet 7 or
8 inches high, a well set chunky fellow, fair complexion, re-
markable thick lips; had on, when he went away, a drab col-
oured cloth coat about half worn, the sleeves mended with
new cloth of nearly the same colour, a brown under jacket of
turned cloth, two home made linen shirts, a pair of nearly new
buckskin breeches, two pair of striped linen trowsers, a pair of
blue ribbed stockings, a pair of calf-skin shoes, and an old felt
hat. Whoever takes up said servants and secures them in any
goal, so that their masters may have them again, shall have the
above reward, or THREE POUNDS for either of them, and
reasonable charges, paid by
May 9, 1785. WILLIAM RAMSEY,
JAMES ADAMS.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Upper Provi-
dence township, Chester county, a bay HORSE, about
14 hands high, supposed to be seven years old. The owner is
desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him
away.
EDWARD WOODWARD.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform
the PUBLIC in general, and his FRIENDS in particular,
That he has opened A HOUSE of ENTERTAINMENT, at the
corner of Lombard and Second-streets, at the sign of the Fountain,
where gentlemen travellers may be properly accommodated, and
the greatest attention paid to themselves and their horses, as he
has large and comfortable stables. He will also take horses at
livery; and is furnished with good sound horses, which he will
lett out on hire: He provides dinners and suppers of every kind,
and of every thing in season, for gentlemen of the city, on the
shortest notice. Those persons who incline to attend the New-
Market, may be furnished with benches for their produce and
room for their horses, at the usual rates.
He begs leave to assure those gentlemen who may please to fa-
vor him with their custom, that every exertion in his power shall
be made to deserve their favors; and that these favors shall be
gratefully acknowledged by their humble servant,
Philad. May 5. JAMES McCUTCHON.

The noted horse Whynot,
WILL cover this season, at the stable
of George Ward, in the town of
Woodberry, state of New-Jersey, Glouce-
ster county, till the first of August, at Forty
Shillings the single leap, Three Pounds for
the season, the money to be paid when the
mares are brought, or Four Pounds, if cre-
dit till the first of August, and Two Shillings and Six-pence to
the Groom.
WHYNOT is a beautiful bright bay, full fifteen hands high,
with a star and snip, black legs, mane and tail, and is allowed
by competent judges to be one of the handfomest horses on the
continent; he was got by Fearnaught, a son of Old Regulus, his
five the Godolphin Arabian; Whynot's dam was got by Othello,
his grand dam by Spark, and his great grand dam was the noted
Oldfield mare:--He won the following purses; in 1773, £ 50 at
Nottingham; in 1774, £ 50 at Nottingham, £ 50 at Baltimore,
£ 50 at Newton, Chester; he likewise won a purse of £ 50 in
Virginia, when in possession of Mr. Lee; in November 1778, he
won a match of £ 1000 with great ease. Good pasture will be
provided at 3s per week. Any Gentleman making choice of
Whynot, shall be gratefully acknowledged by their humble ser-
vant, JAMES TALMAN.